







ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1

TUCSON, ARIZONA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



ISSUED BY:

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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March 28, 2023

Citizens and Governing Board Tucson Unified School District No. 1 1010 E. Tenth Street Tucson, Arizona 85719

State law mandates that school districts undergo an annual single audit and to publish a complete set of audited financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards (GAGAS) in the United States by a certified public accounting firm licensed in the State of Arizona. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report of the Tucson Unified School District No. 1 (District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the District's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free of material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The District's financial statements have been audited by CliftonLarsonAllen, LLP, a certified public accounting firm. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent audit of the financial statements of the District was part of a broader, federally mandated Single Audit as required by the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations* designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the District's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special



emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in a separately issued Single Audit Reporting Package.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE DISTRICT

Everything Under the Sun Video about District Programs https://tinyurl.com/TUSD4ALL

Tucson Unified School District is very proud that it is the oldest district in Arizona and was created by the Pima County Board of Supervisors on November 18,1867, before Arizona was admitted as a state. Tucson Unified is one of 18 public school districts located in Pima County. It was formed by the unification of Tucson Elementary School District No. 1 and Tucson High School District No. 1 on July 1, 1976. The District provides public education services to over 43,000 students from Pre-Kindergarten through grade 12. District schools are spread over 230 square miles of the metropolitan Tucson area and unincorporated areas of the County. The average age of school structures is 49 years.

As the second largest school district in Arizona (over 100 school and specialty programs) and among the largest districts in the United States, Tucson Unified's 2021-22 student enrollment is approximately 81 percent from diverse racial and ethnic groups and more than 90 world languages are spoken in the District. The District offers extensive educational programs, such as advanced learning experiences (ALE), career and technical education (CTE), gifted and talented education (GATE), award-winning fine arts, bilingual and multicultural education. The District is composed of traditional comprehensive schools, magnet schools, and flexible alternative programs customized to meet our students' needs, including the Tucson Unified Virtual Academy program. The District is also a member of the Pima JTED, a career and technical education district that provides students with hands-on skills for their career or college path.

Each school district is a separate political subdivision of the state with geographic boundaries organized for the purpose of the administration, support and maintenance of public schools. The District's purpose and responsibility is to provide a educational programs and services for the children enrolled in public schools within its boundaries.

The District's Governing Board is organized under Section 15-321 of the Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.). Management of the District is independent of other local governments. The County Treasurer collects property taxes for the District but exercises no control over the District's expenditures/expenses. The Governing Board consists of five, elected members who serve staggered four-year terms. Under existing statutes, the Governing Board's duties and powers include, but are not limited to, the acquisition, maintenance, and disposition of school property; the development and adoption of a school program; and the establishment, organization, and operation



of schools. The Board also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget, and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls that align with the Uniform System of Financial Records for Arizona School District (U.S.F.R) issued by the Arizona Auditor General.

The financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and its component units. A component unit is a legally separate entity that must be included in the reporting entity in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. Workers' compensation insurance and certain employee health insurance benefits are provided through legally separate trusts, which function in essence as departments of the District and therefore are included as an integral part of the District financial statements. The District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Consequently, the District's financial statements include only the funds of those organizational entities for which its elected governing board is financially accountable. The District's major operations include education, student transportation, construction and maintenance of District facilities, food services, and extracurricular activities.

The expenditure budget is prepared by fund for all Governmental Funds and includes function and object code details for the General Fund and some Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds. The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the individual fund level for all funds. Funds that are not required to legally adopt a budget may have over expenditures of budgeted funds. The budget for these funds is simply an estimate and does not prevent the district from exceeding the budget as long as the necessary revenue is earned. The District is not required to prepare an annual revenue budget; therefore, a deficit budgeted fund balance may be presented. However, this does not affect the District's ability to expend monies.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from a broader perspective of the specific environment in which the District operates.

Local Economy. The economy of the District is centered on Pima County, which has a population of approximately 1.1 million. The City of Tucson encompasses approximately 227 square miles. Principal economic activities within the District include healthcare, aerospace and defense, tourism, manufacturing, and service industries. Some of Tucson's largest employers are listed in the Statistical Section of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Tucson is home to many family-friendly events each year including the Tucson Gem, Mineral and Fossil Show, the Tucson Festival of Books, El Tour de Tucson, La Fiesta de Los Vaqueros, and the Tucson International Mariachi Conference. Since 1975, the Tucson Metropolitan area has grown by an average of 2.24 percent per year. There have been only two instances within the reported period where population growth fell below 1 percent. The Tucson Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) is home to approximately 1 million people. According to the Eller Economic and Business Research Center, the Tucson MSA was significant impacted by the Great Recession in 2008, with a decline of 6.6%. Tucson GDP growth rebounded in 2010 but remained below national rates until 2016 when Tucson exceeded the national rate. However, a significant decline was posted during the first year of the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020, which was higher than the national rate. In



FY22, employment figures have shown that Tucson's economy continues to recover job losses that lent to the decline of local economy.

State funding. The State budget for FY2021-22 included an increase to the Base Support Level of 1.74% for inflation, in addition to an increase of \$83.08 targeted specifically for the final installment of teacher salary increases as part of a three-year plan to increase teacher salaries a total of 20% over the base year FY16-17. Capital budget funding reductions continued through FY21. The District has reached a cumulative total capital reduction of \$159 million over 12 years. This has caused a strain on the District's ability to sustain capital and deferred maintenance needs such as building improvements, school buses and technology equipment. In 2020-2021, \$64 million was restored to capital funding, which reduced the amount of capital funding that was withheld from 32% down to 16%. The Capital funding formula was restored as part of the 2021-2022 budget.

Effect of COVID-19. The District established a COVID-19 task force on March 2, 2020 that consisted of 32 team members from all functional areas and departments. The team began developing the District's pandemic protocols, online education plan, and disinfection plan in addition to reviewing online curriculum needs, food distribution, and communication methods.

On, March 15, 2020, the governor mandated a state-wide school closure. The District swiftly procured approximately \$4 million in student technology devices and distributed to families across the district to enable students to work from home and complete the 2019-2020 school year remotely.

On March 27, 2020, House Bill 2910 was signed into law. It mandated the District continue to pay all employees through the remainder of the closure. The continued payment of salaries in the certain areas posed a hardship due to the loss of revenue during the school closures. Therefore, the district was able to fund some of these losses with the \$18.5 million in relief funding received through the CARES Act in addition to monies funded by the Enrollment Stability Grant. The District began a remote instructional model in the 4th quarter of the 2019-2020 school year.

On June 29, 2020, the governor signed executive order 2020-44 *Protecting Public Health for Students and Teachers* which delayed the opening of in-person school until August 17, 2020. Districts that opted to offer distance learning models were funded at a lower rate consistent with Arizona Online Instruction Programs (AOI). Full-time students are funded at 95% and part-time students are funded at 85%.

On July 23, 2020, the governor signed executive order 2020-51 *Arizona: Open for Learning* which required schools to offer on-site learning opportunities. The District offered on-site learnings spaces as it relied upon and monitored public health metrics. The District remained in a remote instructional model for the first three quarters of the school year.

On March 3, 2021, the governor signed executive order 2021-04 *Open for In-Person Learning* which required all school districts to return to In-Person Learning by the start of the fourth quarter. The District opened full inperson learning on March 22, 2021, while continuing to offer a remote instructional model to accommodate students who opted not to attend in person.



The impact on the District's average daily membership resulted in a loss of 2,767 or -6.6%. The District was able to offset the revenue reduction with funding from the Enrollment Stability Grant (ESG) and Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) grants.

The District received a total award of \$15.2 million from the Enrollment Stability Grant which covers expenditures from March 1, 2020 through December 30, 2020. The District received a total award of \$18.5 million from ESSER I, \$76.4 million from ESSER II grants, and \$173 million from ESSER III. The ESSER I grant expires on September 30, 2022, ESSER II will expire on September 30, 2023, and ESSER III will expire on September 30, 2024. The District received the largest allocation of ESSER funding of all Arizona school districts.

District Plans. Tucson Unified School District is poised to realize its full potential as a high-performing school district delivering a college- and career-ready education for every student in every school in every part of Tucson.

A. Five-Year Strategic Plan:

In February 2014, the Governing Board approved a Five-Year Strategic Plan that included strategic priorities in five key areas: curriculum, diversity, finance, operations, and communication. The plan was formed with input from more than 400 community members. For each year, each category in the plan contains five strategic priorities and five SMART (specific, measurable, achievable, realistic, time-bound) goals. In all, the five-year plan contains 125 goals designed to serve as a road map for achieving high performance and tight alignment. The plan was informed by key studies: a curriculum audit, an efficiency audit, a demographic study and a boundary review. These audits and plans were used to form the basis for understanding where Tucson Unified needs to grow and improve.

In Fiscal Year 2019-20, the District began the process of developing a new strategic plan. However, due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the process was delayed, but the work continued with input from community members and District stakeholders. The new Five-Year Strategic Plan was approved by the Governing Board in Fiscal Year 2021-22. The new plan will focus on five key pillars: Excellence, Innovation, Integrity, Diversity, and Caring Community. Each will be driven by six strategic goals that will support these key areas. The implementation of goals and key performance indicators will begin in Fiscal Year 2022-23.

B. Comprehensive Curriculum:

The Curriculum Department continues to develop a comprehensive curriculum in each subject area. This work began in 2013-14 with an aggressive push to develop a written curriculum aligned to standards and appropriate for systematic deployment. The Curriculum Department started the process with an emphasis on the core subjects of English Language Arts and Mathematics, developing curriculum maps and a written scope and sequence to ensure that students at all sites – regardless of race, ethnicity, ELL status, or socio-economic background – would been exposed to teaching which reflects an underlying curriculum assigned to consistent standards. Instructional improvement was tailored to Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching (which also underlies the District's teacher evaluation instrument). The District's curriculum includes a Multicultural Framework for Student Academic Success. This multicultural curriculum uses the Anti-Bias Framework, developed by the Southern Poverty Law Center, and culturally responsive teaching as a basis for effective anti-bias education at every grade level. The curriculum, which is inclusive of the histories, cultures, and contributions of diverse groups of people,



enriches learning for all students, preparing them to work toward structural equality and equity by engaging them in critical thinking around issues of racism, sexism, classism, linguicism, ageism, genderism, and more.

As a result of COVID and the need to support additional online curriculum, the District has procured a learning management system which facilitates the management, delivery and measurement of the district's learning programs and will complete the implementation in the 2021-2022 school year.

Technology:

Technology acquisitions, training and support were crucial throughout the transition to remote instruction in the 4^{th} quarter of FY20 as well as throughout the entire 2020-2021 school year. In addition to the deployment of over 20,000 student devices, the District also made hotspot devices available to families in need of Internet access. Infrastructure improvements on district campuses were completed to accommodate the new technology and added load on existing systems. The District developed a multi-year plan that was completed in School Year 2021-22, culminating in a 1-to-1 device for all 40,000+ students and over 4,000 teaching staff. The initiative was primarily funded using federal ESSER dollars.

C. Desegregation Order:

The District continues to operate under a Unitary Status Plan (USP) that serves as a guide to achieving Unitary Status as required by the court in 2013. The District had been under a federal desegregation order (Stipulation of Settlement) from 1978 until 2008, when it was declared unitary, removed from federal court supervision and placed under a Post-Unitary Status Plan. The plaintiffs in the case appealed, won, and in 2011, the District was placed back under federal court supervision. The Unitary Status Plan (USP) contains 20 implementation plans in areas such as advanced learning opportunities, marketing and outreach, and professional development. The District looks forward to reaching Unitary Status in the near future based on its demonstrated commitment to diversity, equity, and inclusion.

Currently, under A.R.S. §15-910(G), local property taxes fund TUSD efforts to comply with desegregation orders and agreements with the Office for Civil Rights (OCR) at the U.S. Department of Education. Because some desegregation compliance activities overlap with OCR compliance activities, the USP has been developed in a way that attempts to harmonize those overlapping activities into a single document. Other OCR compliance activities continue to be funded and tracked separately.

D. General Fund Efficiency Measures:

The District utilizes a staffing and allocation standard to fund schools. The standards have been further refined to include standard and supplemental allocations from all funding sources. These new standards reallocated the available resources in a more equitable manner and focused on student achievement and improving the student learning experience at all schools.



Initiatives that either began in the 2021-22 year or are currently underway are as follows:

- As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, the District expanded its enrollment taskforce, which was formed in 2018-2019, into the Enrollment *Recovery* taskforce to address the impact of declining enrollment due to COVID-19. The results of the taskforce included a completed districtwide implementation of online registration via the ParentVue portal on EduPoint.
- The District expanded upon the concept of summer enrollment specialists by creating enrollment ambassadors. These positions were assigned to each of the 5 regions of the District to provide personalized support to District families related to enrollment, registration, and onboarding. These positions also provide a strong feedback loop for families who are choosing to leave the District. This information gather processing will allow the District to focus its resources and efforts in areas where enrollment losses can be mitigated.
- In Fiscal Year 2021-22, the District anticipated a continued loss of students from the prior fiscal year. However, average daily membership grew by 1% from FY2021 to FY2022, further showing that enrollment in the District remains stable and efforts from enrollment ambassadors have been positive.
- The District continued its expanded Summer School program available to all enrolled TUSD students to help reduce learning loss from the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The Procurement Card (pCard) initiative continues to be a success for the District. The pCard allowed the District to continue to streamline complex accounts payable operations and reduce the overhead costs within Financial Services. By the close of FY2021-22, the program has generated approximately \$3.1 million in rebate revenue in the last 5 years. Proceeds from these revenues are allocated to the District's fine arts, athletics, and other extracurricular activities that benefit students directly.
- The District's fiscal policy to maintain a minimum carry forward contingency in Maintenance and Operations and Capital funds has produced positive results. Carryforward reserves continued to exceed the 1% minimum capacity to ensure proper fiscal health for the District.
- In November 2021, the voters of the City of Tucson approved the *Tucson Minimum Wage Act*, with the goal to annually increase the minimum wage within the Tucson city limits until the minimum reaches \$15.00 per hour by January 1, 2025. The Act required the first increase to \$13.00 to go into effect on April 1, 2022. The Governing Board approved an increase to the minimum wage to \$13.50 by July 1, 2022.



- The District performed a salary and wage adjustment for all classifications, as well as providing increases to target hard-to-fill positions. A compression adjustment for impacted classifications, as well as a market wage adjustment for essential positions, like bus drivers, effective July 1, 2022 a nearly \$8 million investment.
- In Spring 2021, the Pima County Board of Supervisors committed \$10 million to fund the *Pima Early Education Program Scholarships* (PEEPS) for high quality preschool education across Pima County for low-income families. TUSD signed a 3-year agreement up to 8 new preschool classrooms totaling over \$3.1 million. In FY22, TUSD open 4 of the 8 new classrooms

G. Other Major Initiatives:

The primary focuses across the District are proficiency and growth. Key initiatives will focus on:

- \circ $\;$ Intervention, reading and math support during the day
- A 7-period day was implemented at select schools to increase the effectiveness of Professional Learning Communities
- Tier 1 highly effective teaching strategies
- o MTSS
- Expansion of Two-Way Dual Language and AVID programs
- School Safety and classroom management
- Professional development during the workday
- Principal support
- Recruitment and retention of highly qualified teachers
- K-3 literacy
- Participation in CTE courses
- Full rollout of the Tucson Unified Virtual Academy (TUVA) for all students as an online instruction option

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

<u>Awards</u>

Tucson Unified is proud to create excellent learning opportunities for all of our students who choose to be a part of the District. The District has established numerous programs in our schools to embrace and challenge all of our kindergarten through 12th grade students. For SY 2021-22 the following recognitions have been awarded to our schools:

- Fruchthendler Elementary School was named a 2021 National Blue Ribbon School
- Mansfeld Middle Magnet School Certified National Magnet School; Magnet School of Excellence Merit Award, A+ School of Excellence



- Davis Bilingual Elementary Magnet School Certified National Magnet School; Magnet Schools of America School of Distinction Award
- Carrillo K-5 Magnet School Magnet Schools of America School of Excellence Award
- Tucson High Magnet School Magnet Schools of America School of Distinction Award
- Opening of Innovation Tech High School in partnership with the Pima JTED
- Verizon Technology Awards: Mansfeld Middle School, Lawrence Intermediate School, Utterback Middle School, Secrist Middle School and Vail Middle School
- Mary Anderson, Fruchthendler Elementary Principal: Terrel Bell Leadership Award
- Madellina Shepper, Borton Magnet Elementary: Arizona Science Teacher of the Year
- Tucson High Magnet School: Emmy Award Nominees for Student Short Films
- Sabino HS Sabercats Marching Band was awarded 1st place at the ABODA State Marching Band Division III Championships
- 2022 Promoting Bilingualism Award, Association of Two-Way Dual Language Education
- Davidson Elementary wins the Arizona Department of Education (ADE) Health and Nutrition Services 2022 Farm Fresh Challenge Award
- Nine TUSD Selected as National Board Certified Teachers
- University High School Students Nominated as United States Presidential Scholars
- National Merit Scholars 15 Students Selected
- Lindsay Aguilar, Food Services Director, Appointed to National School Nutrition Association Board
- 2021 Best Communities for Music Education from the National Association of Music Merchants (NAMM) Foundation for its outstanding commitment to music education. Acknowledged for the third consecutive year, TUSD is the only school district in Arizona to receive this recognition.
- 2021 Arizona School Public Relations Association Excellence Award for New Online Option for Enrollment Tucson Unified Virtual Academy, Multimedia
- 2021 Arizona School Public Relations Association Excellence Award for Mes De La Cultura 2021, Photo
- Arizona School Public Relations Association Excellence Award for Tucson High WWII Alumni Memorial, Video
- Arizona School Public Relations Association Excellence Award for Fruchthendler National Blue-Ribbon School 2021, Video
- Arizona School Public Relations Association Merit Award for the Newsletter- In Tune with TUSD
- Arizona School Public Relations Association Merit Award for the Pima County "Safer Together", Special Purpose Publication
- Arizona School Public Relations Association Merit Award for the Tucson Unified Olympics Campaign, Multicultural Campaign



- Arizona School Public Relations Association Merit Award for the Tucson Unified Everyday Hero, Video
- Arizona School Public Relations Association Merit Award for the Sports Compilation, Video
- Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting (COE), 2021
- Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, 2021
- TUSD Food Services Gold Award from AZ Department of Education Farm to Summer Challenge
- Gold Award for the 2021 Farm to Summer Challenge

Students and families are experiencing many positive impacts due to the focus and hard work within the District. Some of the "Big Wins" include:

- Updated the Code of Conduct that is user and mobile friendly, while increasing classroom autonomy and control for teachers.
- Over the last 4 years, a 66% reduction in teacher vacancies has been achieved.
- School letter grades have increased 21% over last year.
- Issuance of new letter grades shows strong academic growth across TUSD
 - 89% of TUSD Schools rated as Grades A, B or C
 - o 64 schools either increased their letter grade or remained stable from FY2019
 - 7 schools improved by 2 grades; 1 school (Magee MS) improved by 3 grades
- State achievement testing successes
 - TUSD showed greater learning gains in SY2021-22 than the State
 - In English language arts, TUSD showed a gain of 6% vs. 2% statewide
 - In Math, TUSD showed a gain of 7% vs. 3% statewide
 - English language arts had a 10% learning loss, and rebounded by 4%
 - Math had a 17% learning loss, and rebounded by 6%
- All schools have installed Keyless entry systems with cameras.
- Establish Extended Day Learning Academy in all District High Schools to help with student credit recovery.
- Expanded the Career and Technical Education (CTE) programs throughout the District.
- Conversion of Santa Rita High School to a CTE Academy focus with new Dental Assistant and Diesel Mechanics programs.
- Expansion of the Dual Enrollment program opportunities throughout the District, which has more than doubled the amount of Dual enrollment courses in 2 years from 16 to 41.
- Student support services are available during the day for drug and alcohol offenders.
- Expanded, "Talk It Out" Counseling Services program with the University of Arizona.



- TalkSpace and Palo Verde Behavioral Health were offered as FREE support programs to TUSD students
- TUSD began the Tucson Unified Connect App available on all mobile devices.
- Innovation Tech High School Opened to students and graduated its first class.
- Wakefield Middle School Opened for 6th and 7th grade students

Over the past few years, Tucson Unified has developed numerous specialized programs to fit all levels of student needs. We are excited to see the programs grow and have a positive impact on how Tucson Unified is preparing students to be well-educated and successful members of the community. The program options that our students can choose from are:

Magnet – Specializing in STEAM/STEM and the Arts.

Gifted and Talented Education (GATE) – Classes are available in most schools, as well as full-day programs are available.

Dual Language – Spanish /English classes are growing, and students are achieving higher than average test scores as each year.

Dual Credit – Enables students to receive simultaneous academic credit from both the college and high school, saving students thousands of dollars.

International Baccalaureate Program (IB) – Aims to develop inquiring, knowledgeable and caring young people who help to create a better and more peaceful world through intercultural understanding and respect.

Career and **Technical Education (CTE)** – Prepares students for workforce success and continuous learning.

Advancement Via Individual Determination (AVID) – A school-wide college- and career- readiness system.

Alternative (On-line learning) – Provides a TUITION-FREE* online education alternative for middle and high school students.

Teenage Parent High School (TAP) – Supporting pregnant and parenting teens to continue their education and graduate from high school.

Exceptional Education – Developing special education support programs to ensure the success of all levels of learners. Tucson Unified has one of the largest coordinated programs in Arizona.

Innovation Tech High School – a High School Partnership with Pima County JTED where students can receive their High School Diploma while taking career and technical education courses and receive certifications.

Tucson Unified Virtual Academy program (TUVA)- Tucson Unified Virtual Academy is a new program supporting students in kindergarten through 12th grade that prefer a remote (virtual) learning environment, while supporting a stronger instructional presence.





<u>Acknowledgments</u>. The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report in a timely manner was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the financial services department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the Governing Board of the District, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Dr. Gabriel Trujillo Superintendent

Ricardo Hernández Chief Financial Officer

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The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Tucson Unified School District 1

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.



Will ast

William A. Sutter President

David J. Lewis Executive Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Tucson Unified School District No. 1 Arizona

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



(15)

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

GOVERNING BOARD

Adelita Grijalva, President Natalie Luna Rose, Clerk Leila Counts, Member Dr. Ravi Shah, Member Sadie Shaw, Member

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION

Gabriel Trujillo, Ed.D, Superintendent

REGIONAL ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENTS Mark Alvarez, Santa Cruz Region Brian Lambert, Silverbell Region Holly Leman Hammel, Pantano Region Shawna Rodriguez, Arcadia Region Richard Sanchez, Arroyo Chico Region

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENTS Frank Armenta, Leadership & Student Success Kinasha Brown, Equity, Diversity & Inclusiveness Flori Huitt, Curriculum and Instruction

BUSINESS AND OPERATIONS Maricela Meza, Director of Employee Relations Ricardo (Ricky) Hernández, Chief Financial Officer Renee Heusser, Executive Director of Human Resources Leslie Lenhart, Director of Communications & Media Relations Blaine Young, Chief Operations Officer

> LEGAL SERVICES Robert S. Ross, Jr., General Counsel

FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board Tucson Unified School District No. 1 Tucson, Arizona

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tucson Unified School District No. 1 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter – Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2021, the District adopted new accounting guidance for leases. The guidance requires lessees to recognize a right-to-use asset and corresponding lease liability and lessors to recognize a lease receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources for all leases with lease terms greater than twelve months. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and pension and other post employment benefits schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises of the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 28, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Tucson, Arizona March 28, 2023 THIS PAGE BLANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Required Supplementary Information) THIS PAGE BLANK

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

As management of the Tucson Unified School District No. 1 (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The management's discussion and analysis is presented as required supplementary information to supplement the basic financial statements. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$310.7 million (net position).
- The District's total net position increased by \$68.5 million. This increase was a net result of increased grants received by the District, pension liability and internal service operating gain.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$112.9 million, an increase of \$13.0 million in comparison to the prior year. The increase was substantially due to an increase in both property tax revenue and intergovernmental support.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$48.7 million, or 15.0% of total general fund expenditures.
- Net position for the Internal Service Funds increase \$4.0 million from the prior fiscal year. The increase was a net result of more contributions the fund from prior years. Operating revenues of \$42.0 million exceeded operating expenses of \$37.9 million at the end of the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government- wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The accrual basis of accounting is used for the government-wide financial statements.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.
OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation, and maintenance of plant services, student transportation services, operation of noninstructional services, and interest on long-term debt.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting and focus on near-term inflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

For external financial reporting purposes, the District aggregates and maintains twelve individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Special Projects Fund, Other Special Revenue, and Debt Service Fund, all of which are considered to be a major funds. Data from the other eight governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Proprietary funds. The District maintains one type of proprietary fund. The internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses internal service funds to account for its employee benefits self-insurance and worker's compensation self-insurance programs. As the District does not operate any business-type activities, and the internal service funds solely benefit the governmental functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The internal service funds are combined into a single column on the proprietary fund statements. Additional detail of the internal service funds can be found in the combining statements.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information Other than the MD&A. Governments have the option of presenting budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds as part of the basis financial statements or as required supplementary information (RSI) other than the MD&A. The District has elected to present the General Fund and Special Project Fund budgetary comparison schedules as RSI other than MD&A, which can be found on pages 73 through 78. Accounting standards also require the District reports schedules of its proportionate share net pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liabilities (assets) and contributions for its cost-sharing pension and OPEB plans as RSI, which can be found immediately following the budgetary comparison schedules.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$310.7 million at the current fiscal year-end.

By far the largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment, construction in progress, and right-to-use leases), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related outstanding debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. In addition, a portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is unrestricted and may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents a summary of the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30:

	Net Position		
	G	overnmental Activities	
	2022	2021	Percent Change
Current and Other Assets	\$ 237,342,569	\$ 181,759,006	30.6 %
Capital and Lease Assets	616,953,180	607,684,590	1.5
Total Assets	854,295,749	789,443,596	8.2
Deferred Outflows of Resources	85,912,443	84,816,943	1.3
Current Liabilities	50,728,456	38,231,269	32.7
Noncurrent Liabilities	446,356,164	576,923,957	(22.6)
Total Liabilities	497,084,620	615,155,226	(19.2)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	132,432,705	16,905,504	683.4
Net Position (Deficit):			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	501,423,914	431,989,628	16.1
Restricted	69,842,910	49,820,194	40.2
Unrestricted	(260,575,957)	(239,610,013)	(8.8)
Total Net Position	\$ 310,690,867	\$ 242,199,809	28.3

At the end of the current fiscal year the District reported a negative unrestricted net position of \$260.6 million as a result of the District's net pension and OPEB liabilities. Positive net position was reported in the other two categories.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the payment of debt, the acquisition, and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

The following are significant current year transactions that had an impact on the Statement of Net Position:

- An increase in cash and investments of \$24.9 million due to an increase in operating grants and contributions.
- Capital and lease assets additions in excess of depreciation and amortization expense, as well as the sale of capital assets, resulted in a net addition in capital and lease assets of \$9.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This is as a result of significant capital investment across the District from the increase in federal funding.
- The net decrease in bonds payable of \$14.6 million due to the payment on outstanding bonds.
- An decrease in net pension liability of \$112.2 million due to a change in actuarial assumptions and contributions to the plan.
- A net income of \$4.0 million in Internal Service from contributions to the fund due to an increase in contributions compared to prior year.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Changes in net position. Overall, net position increased \$68.5 million or 28.3%. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Change in Net Position							
		G	overi	nmental Activities	6		
					Percent		
		2022		2021	Change		
REVENUES							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$	10,728,390	\$	10,474,679	2.4 %		
Operating Grants and Contributions		194,453,946		134,520,989	44.6		
Capital Grants and Contributions		5,623,970		10,241,412	(45.1)		
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes		205,357,795		192,224,010	6.8		
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs:							
Unrestricted State and County Aid		161,802,252		156,447,407	3.4		
Federal Grants and Aid		5,665,941		5,240,801	8.1		
Investment Earnings (Loss)		(67,131)		888,750	(107.6)		
Other		3,016,162		1,441,938	109.2		
Gain on the Sale of Assets		-		(1,456,286)	(100.0)		
Total Revenues		586,581,325		510,023,700	15.0		
EXPENSES							
Instruction		286,371,418		254,769,001	12.4		
Support Services:							
Students and Instructional Staff		83,090,999		74,676,328	11.3		
Administration		43,638,490		42,869,234	1.8		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		58,210,084		58,478,061	(0.5)		
Student Transportation		24,822,279		16,874,014	47.1		
Operation of Noninstructional Services		17,975,571		18,770,717	(4.2)		
Interest on Long-Term Debt		3,981,426		4,657,824	(14.5)		
Total Expenses	_	518,090,267		471,095,179	10.0		
Change in Net Position		68,491,058		38,928,521	75.9		
Net Position - Beginning of Year		242,199,809		203,271,288	28.3		
Net Position - End of Year	\$	310,690,867	\$	242,199,809	28.3		



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

The following are significant current year events that have had an impact on the change in net position:

- The increase in operating grants and contributions of \$59.9 million in revenues was due to the additional COVID-19 pandemic relief funds from the Elementary and Secondary Schools Emergency Relief (ESSER III) funds that were awarded. While capital grants and contributions decreased by \$4.6 million due to the winding down of ESSER I pandemic relief funds received in the prior year.
- The increase in property taxes of \$11.1 million in revenues was due to the increase in taxes collected from prior year. The State's increase to the qualifying tax rate decreased the amount of State Aid received to fund the annual budget thus collecting more from the local tax base.
- The increase of instruction and student transportation of \$31.6 and \$7.9 million, respective, was due to post COVID-19 pandemic was the result of re-opening schools for in-person instruction and providing students transportation at full capacity for the first time since the start of the pandemic.
- The increase in state and county equalization and additional state aid of \$5.4 million due to higher district membership.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$112.9 million, an increase of \$13.1 million in comparison to the prior year. Approximately 43.1% of this total amount (\$48.7 million) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either nonspendable, which reflects resources of the district that are not in spendable form, or restricted, which reflects resources of the District upon which external restrictions have been placed upon their use.

At fiscal year-end 2021-22, governmental fund balances were as follows:

Fund	Balance	```	Increase Decrease) From 21-22
General Fund	\$ 53,543,998	\$	2,025,546
Special Projects Fund	7,248,842	·	456,353
Other Special Revenue Fund	12,573,845		(91,745)
Debt Service Fund	10,420,145		727,799
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	29,072,598		9,894,449

The General Fund increased \$2.0 million primarily due to the continued lower spending due to school closures related to COVID-19 pandemic, increased intergovernmental revenues, property taxes, and increased carry forward contingency built into the fiscal year 2022 budget.

The increase in the Special Projects Funds is largely due to the District receiving additional grant revenues related to COVID-19 pandemic funding.

The decrease in Other Special Revenues Fund is primarily due to post COVID-19 pandemic activities in expenses exceeding revenues in the year.

The increase in the Debt Service Fund is largely due to receiving more property tax revenue than was paid out as payments on related debt.

The increase in Nonmajor Governmental Funds is largely due lower spending due to school closures related to COVID-19 pandemic, increased property tax revenues and increased intergovernmental revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Proprietary funds. During the current fiscal year, the District's contributions to the internal service funds were \$37.0 million to fund current year claims expense and administrative costs. Unrestricted net position of the internal service funds at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$22.7 million. Net position increase \$3.7 million from the prior fiscal year as the District's contributions for the current year increase from the prior year.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the District revised the General Fund annual expenditure budget for changes in student enrollment. The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was a \$8.0 million increase, an increase of 2.4%.

Significant variances for the final amended budget and actual revenues resulted from the District not being required by the state of Arizona to prepare a revenue budget. A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information. The significant variances are summarized as follows:

- The favorable variance of \$19.9 million in instruction was the result of lower spending during the year than anticipated.
- The favorable variance of \$1.2 million in central services was the result of lower spending during the year than anticipated.
- The favorable variance of \$4.4 million in operations and maintenance of plant was a result of lower spending during the year than anticipated.
- The favorable variance of \$2.1 million in student transportation was primarily the result of school closures during the fiscal year due to COVID-19 pandemic.

CAPITAL AND LEASE ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital and Lease Assets. At year-end, the District had invested \$617.0 million (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization) in capital and lease assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, buses and other vehicles, computers, right-to-use leases, and other equipment. This amount represents a net increase after depreciation and amortization of \$9.3 million from the prior fiscal year, primarily due to additions and the restatement of right-to-use assets of over \$26.9 and \$4.3 million, respectively, during the year.

CAPITAL AND LEASE ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (CONTINUED)

The following schedule presents a summary of capital asset balances for the fiscal years ended June 30:

Capital and Lease Assets at Year-End (Net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization)

	Governmental Activities					
	2022	2021				
Land	\$ 15,057,776	\$ 15,057,776				
Construction in Progress	12,705,583	9,028,784				
Land Improvements	30,700,320	30,231,167				
Buildings and Building Improvements	524,428,199	529,413,405				
Furniture, Equipment, and Vehicles	30,617,913	23,953,458				
Right-to-Use Lease Assets	3,443,389	4,277,909				
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 616,953,180	\$ 611,962,499				

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5.

Debt Administration. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had bonded debt outstanding of \$108.5 million. All this debt is back by the full faith and credit of the District.

	 Governmental Activities				
	 2022		2021		
General Obligation Bonds Premiums on Bonds	\$ 88,340,000 10,440,018	\$	100,605,000 12,802,758		
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 98,780,018	\$	113,407,758		

The District's total bonded debt decreased by \$14.6 million, representing \$12.3 million in principal payments and a decrease of \$2.4 million in bond premiums.

The District's general obligation bonds are subject to two limits; the Constitutional debt limit (total debt limit) on all general obligation bonds (up to 30% of the total net full cash assessed valuation) and the statutory debt limit on Class B bonds (the greater of 20% of the net full cash assessed valuation or \$1,500 per student). The current total debt margin for the District is \$1.2 billion and the Class B debt limit is \$726.3 million, which are more than the District's total outstanding general obligation and Class B debt, respectively. Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Notes 6 through 8.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Many factors were considered by the District's administration during the process of developing the fiscal year 2022-23 budget. Among them:

- Fiscal year 2022-23 budget balance carry forward minimum of 1.0%.
- Projected student enrollment used to allocate resources to the sites (estimated 39,091 without Pre-K).
- Average Daily Membership estimated flat to FY22 due to the enrollment loss experienced in FY22 that is expected to repeat in FY23.
- The aggregate budget limit increased by \$149 million due to expected inflation and teacher compensation.
- District additional assistance state and federal expected budgets was fully funded, and the capital reduction was eliminated.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund increased to \$371 million in fiscal year 2022-23.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Financial Services Department, Tucson Unified School District No. 1, 1010 East Tenth Street, Tucson, Arizona 85719.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	¢ 07 200 200
Cash and Investments	\$ 97,396,298
Receivables, Net Property Taxes	23,462,302
Accounts	1,937,606
Intergovernmental	87,630,353
Lease Receivable	11,388,249
Prepaids and Other Assets	4,194,715
Net Other Postemployment Benefit Asset	11,333,046
Capital and Lease Assets:	11,000,010
Non-Depreciable	27,763,359
Depreciable and Amortization, Net	589,189,821
Total Assets	854,295,749
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	;;
	2 205 057
Related to Debt Refunding Related to Pensions	3,395,057 80,493,719
Related to Pensions Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	2,023,667
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	85,912,443
	05,912,445
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	20,560,742
Accrued Wages and Benefits	21,531,273
Unearned Revenue	8,636,441
Noncurrent Liabilities	1 202 802
Claims Payable, Due Within One Year	1,203,802
Net Pension Liability, Due in More Than One Year	311,600,629
Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability, Due in More Than One Year	483,989
Claims Payable, Due in More Than One Year Due Within One Year	5,005,193
Due in More Than One Year	20,180,310
Total Liabilities	<u> 107,882,241</u> 497,084,620
	497,004,020
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Pensions	111,563,688
Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	9,680,706
Lease Related	11,188,311
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	132,432,705
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	501,423,914
Restricted for:	
Instructional Purposes	7,438,788
Food Services	9,271,581
Student Clubs and Organizations	1,871,138
Capital Projects	11,705,502
Debt Service	15,649,010
Noninstructional Services	12,573,845
Other Postemployment Benefits	11,333,046
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(260,575,957)
Total Net Position	\$ 310,690,867

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

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Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Governmental Activities		\$ (153,160,446)	(32.881.746)	(21,536,332)	(1,834,224)	(18, 875, 569)	(17,917,696)	(51, 397, 579)	(17,054,317)	10,603,189	(3,229,241)	(307,283,961)		205,357,795	161,802,252	5,665,941	(67,131)	3,016,162	375,775,019	68,491,058	242,199,809	\$ 310,690,867
	Capital Grants and Contributions		\$ 5,623,970	1							I	'	\$ 5,623,970										
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and Contributions		\$ 121,626,686	12.356.689	16,316,232	158,639	1,938,617	1,556,106	5,620,246	7,742,742	26,385,804	752,185	\$ 194,453,946		to Specific Drograms	litional State Aid							
	Charges for Services		\$ 5,960,316	,				1,357,639	1,192,259	25,220	2,192,956		\$ 10,728,390		Property Taxes Croats and Contributions Not Doctricted to Specific Doctroms	State and County Equalization and Additional State Aid	n-Aid			Total General Revenues	ion	ning of Year	f Year
	Expenses		\$ 286,371,418	45.238.435	37,852,564	1,992,863	20,814,186	20,831,441	58,210,084	24,822,279	17,975,571	3,981,426	\$ 518,090,267	General Revenues:	Property Taxes Cronts and Contrib	State and Count	Federal Grants-in-Aid	Investment Loss	Other	Total Genera	Change in Net Position	Net Position - Beginning of Year	Net Position - End of Year
	Functions/Programs	Primary Government: Governmental Activities:	Instruction	Support Services: Students	Instructional Staff	General Administration	School Administration	Business and Other Support Services	Operation and Maintenance of Plant	Student Transportation	Operation of Noninstructional Services	Interest on Long-Term Debt	Total										

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	General Fund	Special Projects	Other Special Revenue
Cash and Investments	\$ 15,525,821	\$ -	\$ 12,131,500
Receivables			
Accounts Receivable	203,305	294,418	90,910
Property Taxes	20,515,122	-	-
Intergovernmental	38,477,317	44,015,240	1,038,174
Lease Receivable	0 770 0//	-	11,388,249
Prepaids and Other Assets	2,779,614	-	-
Due from Other Funds	20,425,165		
Total Assets	\$ 97,926,344	\$ 44,309,658	\$ 24,648,833
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$ 6,900,799	\$ 6,214,375	\$ 633,055
Accrued Wages and Benefits	18,010,711	2,746,689	230,597
Due to Other Funds	-	19,513,311	23,025
Unearned Revenue	50,000	8,586,441	-
Total Liabilities	24,961,510	37,060,816	886,677
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Lease Related	-	-	11,188,311
Unavailable Revenue	19,420,836		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	19,420,836	-	11,188,311
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	2,779,614	-	-
Restricted	2,094,387	7,248,842	12,573,845
Unassigned	48,669,997		
Total Fund Balances	53,543,998	7,248,842	12,573,845
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 97,926,344	\$ 44,309,658	\$ 24,648,833

Debt Service	Nonmajor	Totals			
\$ 10,335,422	\$ 30,446,676	\$ 68,439,419			
- 2,852,758 -	1,348,973 94,422 4,099,622	1,937,606 23,462,302 87,630,353			
 - - -	 - 1,415,101 -	11,388,249 4,194,715 20,425,165			
\$ 13,188,180	\$ 37,404,794	\$ 217,477,809			
\$ - -	\$ 6,812,513 543,276 888,829	\$ 20,560,742 21,531,273 20,425,165			
 	 8,244,618	8,636,441 71,153,621			
-	-	11,188,311			
 2,768,035	 87,578	22,276,449			
2,768,035	87,578	33,464,760			
 - 10,420,145 - 10,420,145	 1,415,101 29,193,142 (1,535,645) 29,072,598	4,194,715 61,530,361 47,134,352 112,859,428			
\$ 13,188,180	\$ 37,404,794	\$ 217,477,809			

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TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds		\$ 112,859,428
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Property taxes not collected within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year-end are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.		22,276,449
Capital and lease assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Governmental Capital and lease Assets Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 1,119,649,468 (502,696,288)	616,953,180
Deferred Inflows and Outflows reported on the statement of net position represent the acquisition and consumption of net position applicable to future periods and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources	85,912,443 (121,244,394)	(35,331,951)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		22,747,884
Long-term liabilities that pertain to governmental funds, including bonds payable and capital leases are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net position.		
General Obligation Bonds Unamortized Premiums Capital Leases Lease Liability Net Pension Liability Compensated Absences Payable	(88,340,000) (10,440,018) (16,700,916) (3,444,807) (311,600,629) (9,136,810)	(400.044.400)
Net Other Postemployment Asset, Net	10,849,057	(428,814,123)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 310,690,867

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Projects	Other Special Revenue
Revenues Property Taxes	\$ 165,850,070	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	156,595,027	پ 130,337,276	332,017
Tuition	-	-	5,278,400
Food Service Sales	-	-	-
Charges for Services	3,152,884	-	2,052,718
Contributions and Donations	852,525	-	2,115,040
Investment Earnings (Losses) Miscellaneous	(16,142)	6	71,856
Total Revenues	1,515,895 327,950,259	<u>1,765</u> 130,339,047	256,292
Total Nevenues	527,950,259	130,339,047	10,100,323
Expenditures Current			
Instruction Support Services	159,170,840	80,906,214	5,063,737
Students	34,127,307	10,881,715	357,111
Instructional Staff	21,899,448	15,314,501	553,974
General Administration	3,528,703	144,900	68,341
School Administration	19,990,668	1,829,764	117,754
Business and Other Support Services	14,504,729	1,468,513	161,334 361,897
Operations and Maintenance of Plant Student Transportation	52,566,774 17,441,882	5,318,424 7,467,273	188,870
Operation of Noninstructional Services	787,220	3,118,335	2,582,521
Debt Service	101,220	0,110,000	2,002,021
Principal Retirement	-	-	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	1,594,700	1,927,830	742,529
Total Expenditures	325,612,271	128,377,469	10,198,068
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	2,337,988	1,961,578	(91,745)
Experiancies	2,007,000	1,001,070	(31,740)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	2,505,225	-	-
Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,386,737) 118,488	(1,505,225)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)	110,400	(1,505,225)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,456,476	456,353	(91,745)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year Increase (Decrease) in Nonspendable for	51,518,452	6,792,489	12,665,590
Inventories	(430,930)		
End of Year	\$ 53,543,998	\$ 7,248,842	\$ 12,573,845

Debt Service	Nonmajor	Totals
\$ 17,555,139 - -	\$ 16,687,491 77,314,224 - 244,388	\$ 200,092,700 364,578,544 5,278,400 244 388
-	244,300 - -	244,388 5,205,602 2,967,565
35,281	62,326 1,242,210	153,327 3,016,162
17,590,420	95,550,639	581,536,688
-	39,920,231	285,061,022
-	1,635,131 1,671,838	47,001,264 39,439,761
- - 5,871	70,029 6,594 5,145,826	3,811,973 21,944,780 21,286,273
-	1,485,655 85,551	59,732,750 25,183,576
- 12,265,000	18,601,741 2,739,823	25,089,817 15,004,823
4,591,750	821,688 14,298,671	5,413,438
16,862,621	86,482,778	567,533,207
727,799	9,067,861	14,003,481
- - 	2,403,921 (1,017,184) 1,386,737	4,909,146 (4,909,146)
727,799	10,454,598	14,003,481
9,692,346	19,178,149	99,847,026
	(560,149)	(991,079)
\$ 10,420,145	\$ 29,072,598	\$ 112,859,428

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds		\$ 14,003,481
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		
Expenditure for Capital and Lease Assets, Net Net Book Value of Assets Disposed Depreciation and Amortization Expense	\$ 30,521,039 (183,456) (25,360,168)	4,977,415
The governmental funds report the issuance of bonds as financing sources, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows:		
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt Principal Payments on Finance Purchases Principal on Leases Amortization of Premium Amortization of Deferred Amount on Refunding	12,265,000 2,739,823 833,102 2,362,740 (930,728)	17,269,937
Delinquent property taxes and grants and other receivables that will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.		
Property Taxes		5,265,095
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures when made. However, in the statement of activities, pension expense is the cost of benefits earned, adjusted for member contributions, the recognition of changes in deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions, and the investment experience.		
Pension and OPEB Contributions Pension and OPEB Expense (Continued)	36,322,770 (15,393,798)	20,928,972

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(Concluded)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance services to individual funds. The changes in net position of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities in the statement of activities.		\$ 3,967,741
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and; therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Change in Compensated Absences	\$ 3,069,496	
Change in Inventory Balances	 (991,079)	 2,078,417
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 68,491,058

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 28,956,879
Total Assets	28,956,879
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Claims Payable	1,203,802
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Claims Payable	5,005,193
Total Liabilities	6,208,995
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	22,747,884
Total Net Position	\$ 22,747,884

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES		
Contributions	\$	37,086,140
Miscellaneous		4,957,553
Total Operating Revenue		42,043,693
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Claims		32,493,295
Premiums		2,638,941
Administrative Fees		1,799,377
Other		923,881
Total Operating Expenses		37,855,494
Operating Income		4,188,199
NONOPERATING REVENUES		
Investment Earnings (Losses)		(220,458)
Change in Net Position		3,967,741
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year		18,780,143
TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	22,747,884

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Activ	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Users Cash Received from Other Sources Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees Payments for Claims and Premiums Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	37,170,379 4,957,553 (2,539,949) (183,309) <u>(35,117,802)</u> 4,286,872		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment Income (Losses)		(220,458)		
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		4,066,414		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Year		24,890,465		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	\$	28,956,879		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating Loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities Effect of Changes in Assets/Liabilities:	\$	4,188,199		
Other Receivable Claims Payable		84,239 14,434		
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	4,286,872		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Tucson Unified School District No. 1 (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principles that leases are financing of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

The Entity adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2021 and has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption.

The significant District accounting policies are described below:

Reporting Entity

The Governing Board is organized under Section 15-321 of the Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.). Management of the District is independent of other state or local governments. The County Treasurer collects taxes for the District, but exercises no control over its expenses/expenditures.

The membership of the Governing Board consists of five members elected by the public. Under existing statutes, the Governing Board's duties and powers include, but are not limited to, the acquisition, maintenance, and disposition of school property; the development and adoption of a school program; and the establishment, organization and operation of schools. The Governing Board also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget, and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

The financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and its component units. The District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. The District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. The accompanying financial statements present the District's component units, entities for which the District is considered financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the District's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the District. The District's major operations include education, student transportation, construction, and maintenance of District facilities, food services, and athletic functions.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

<u>Blended Component Unit</u> – The Tucson Unified School District No. 1 Employee Benefit Trust is responsible for providing fringe benefits for the District employees. The District's Governing Board appoints the Trust's board of directors. The Tucson Unified School District No. 1 Employee Benefit Trust provides services entirely to the District and therefore has been included as an Internal Service Fund in accordance with the criteria established by GASB.

The Tucson Unified School District No. 1 Workers' Compensation Trust is responsible for providing workers' compensation insurance to District employees. The District's Governing Board appoints the Trust's board of directors. The Tucson Unified School District No. 1 Workers' Trust provides services entirely to the District and therefore has been included as an internal service fund in accordance with the criteria established by GASB.

Separate financial statements for the Employee Benefit and Workers' Compensation Trusts are not prepared.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the District as a whole. The reported information includes all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. These statements are to distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District does not have any business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, unrestricted federal, state, and county aid, and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and *the accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements; however, the effects of interfund services provided and used between functions are reported as expenses and program revenues at amounts approximating their external exchange value.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 75 days of the end of the current fiscal period, or within 60 days for property tax revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, federal, state and county aid, tuition and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Food services and miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider.

Delinquent property taxes and other receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as unavailable revenues on the governmental fund financial statements.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. The major funds are presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The Internal Service Funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all resources used to finance District maintenance and operations except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund includes the District's Maintenance and Operation Fund as well as certain activities budgeted in separate funds in accordance with A.R.S. These funds are maintained as separate funds for budgetary purposes but do not meet the criteria for separate reporting in the financial statements.

<u>Special Projects Fund</u> – The Fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of state and federally funded grants and projects received by the District.

<u>Other Special Revenue Fund</u> – The Fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the following activities or objectives: civic center, community school, extracurricular activities fee tax credit, insurance refunds, litigation recovery, and textbooks.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Fund accounts for resources accumulated and used for the payment of long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> – The Proprietary Funds are Internal Service Funds that account for the activities related to the District's self-insurance programs for employee benefits and workers' compensation.

The Proprietary Fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and *accrual basis of accounting* and are presented in a single column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund are contributions to finance the District's self-insurance programs for employee benefits and workers' compensation. Operating expenses for the internal service fund includes the cost of the employees' benefit claims and the workers' compensation claims. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents at year-end were cash in bank, certificates of deposit, and cash and investments held by the County Treasurer.

A.R.S. requires the District to deposit all cash with the County Treasurer, except as discussed below. Cash with the County Treasurer is pooled for investment purposes, except for cash of the Debt Service Fund that may be invested separately. Interest earned from investments purchased with pooled monies is allocated to each of the District's funds based on their average balances. All investments are stated at fair value.

Statute authorizes the District to separately invest monies of the Debt Service Fund in the State Treasurer's investment pools; obligations issued and guaranteed by the United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds and notes; and interest-bearing savings accounts or certificates of deposit.

Statute authorizes the District to deposit monies of the Auxiliary Operations and Student Activities Funds in bank accounts. Monies in these funds may also be invested. In addition, statute authorizes the District to maintain various bank accounts such as clearing accounts to temporarily deposit receipts before they are transmitted to the County Treasurer; revolving accounts to pay minor disbursements; and withholdings accounts for taxes and employee insurance programs. Some of these bank accounts may be interest bearing.

Statute does not include any requirements for credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk. Statute requires collateral for deposits of Bond Building and Debt Service Funds monies in interest bearing savings accounts and certificates of deposit at 101% of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance.

Arizona statute requires a pooled collateral program for public deposits and a Statewide Collateral Pool Administrator (Administrator) in the State Treasurer's Office. The purpose of the pooled collateral program is to ensure that governmental entities' public deposits placed in participating depositories are secured with collateral of 102% of the public deposits, less any applicable deposit insurance. An eligible depository may not retain or accept any public deposit unless it has deposited the required collateral with a qualified escrow agent or the Administrator. The Administrator manages the pooled collateral program, including reporting on each depository's compliance with the program.

Certain resources set aside for future purchases related to capital improvement projects and those resources received from the issuance of bonds for the purpose of refinancing existing bonds are classified as cash and investments – restricted on the statements of net position and balance sheet because their use is limited by bond trust agreements and a capital lease financing agreement. Trust accounts, recorded in the Unrestricted Capital Outlay Fund and Debt Service Fund, are used to segregate the restricted cash.
NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments. Investment income is included in investment earnings in the governmental fund financial statements and in nonoperating revenues in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Property Tax Receivable

The County Treasurer is responsible for collecting property taxes for all governmental entities within the county. The county levies real and personal property taxes on or before the third Monday in August, that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

Pursuant to A.R.S., a lien against assessed real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy; however according to case law, an enforceable legal claim to the asset does not arise.

Intergovernmental Receivables

Intergovernmental receivables account for federal and state grants earned, but not received at year-end and include federal grants-in-aid (\$42,891,003), state building renewal grants (\$1,267,073), state equalization and other state assistance (\$40,035,117), and other miscellaneous receivables (\$3,437,160).

All receivables, including property taxes receivable, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible balances.

Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, individual funds within the District's pooled cash accounts may borrow money from other funds within the pool on a short-term basis. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet of the fund financial statements and are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Prepaid and Other Assets

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and are expensed when consumed.

The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) commodity portion of the food services for inventory supplies consist of food donated by the USDA. It is valued at estimated market priced paid by the USDA.

Lease Receivable

As the lessor, the District recognizes lease receivables with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more. If there is no stated interest rate in the lease contract (or if the stated rate is not the rate the District charges the lessee) and the implicit rate cannot be determined, the District uses its own estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate to measure lease receivables. The District's estimated incremental borrowing rates the discount rate to measure lease lease receivable. The District's used the Arizona's General Accounting Office lease template, which identified what rates to use if the explicit rate and implicit rate are unknown. These rates are based on the number of years remaining in the lease term as of July 1, 2021.

Capital and Lease Assets

Capital assets, which include land and improvements; buildings and improvements; vehicles, furniture, and equipment; and construction in progress, are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Lease assets are initially recorded as the sum of 1) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, 2) lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, 3) initial direct costs that are ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into service. Lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset.

Capital and lease assets are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land Improvements	20 to 25 Years
Buildings and Improvements	15 to 80 Years
Vehicles, Furniture, and Equipment	3 to 25 Years
Leased Assets	3 to 6 Years

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows of Resources

The District recognizes the consumption of net position that is applicable to a future period as deferred outflows of resources. Reported amounts in the government-wide financial statements reflect amounts for the amortization of the accounting loss on refunding of bonds, and changes in the actuarial valuations of the District's pension and OPEB liabilities and contributions made to the plans after the measurement date.

Compensated Absences

The District's employee and sick leave policies generally provide for granting vacation and sick leave with pay. The amount and type of leave earned is based on the employee's bargaining unit classification and agreement. Upon separation from the District, an employee is reimbursed at varying rates and amounts based on employee's bargaining unit classification and agreement. The current and long-term liabilities, including related benefits, for accumulated vacation and sick leave are reported on the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee leave, resignations, and retirements. Generally, resources from the General Fund are used to pay for compensated absences.

Pension and OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB income and expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Deferred amounts on refunding result from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Inflows of Resources

The District recognizes the acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future period as deferred inflows of resources. Reported amounts in the government-wide financial statements represent changes in the District's pension and OPEB liabilities.

The deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental fund financial statements represent resources that are not available to the District as of June 30, 2022 or within 60 days of fiscal year-end. The deferred inflows of resources represent a reconciling item between the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

Interfund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the governmentwide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed. The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of the Governing Board through a resolution approved at a board meeting. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Governing Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance Classifications (Continued)

Assigned. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Governing Board or a management official delegated that authority by the formal Governing Board action.

Unassigned. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The table below provides detail of the major components of the District's fund balance classifications at year-end.

Fund Balances:	 General Fund	 Special Projects Funds	Other Special Revenue		Debt Service Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds
Nonspendable:										
Inventory Supplies	\$ 2,779,614	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,415,101	\$	4,194,715
Restricted:										
Voter Approved Initiatives:										
Instructional Purposes	-	-		-		-		7,433,638		7,433,638
Debt Service	-	-		-	10,420,	145		2,460,830		12,880,975
Federal and State Projects	-	7,248,842		-		-		-		7,248,842
Food Services	-	-		-		-		7,861,630		7,861,630
Student Activities	-	-		-		-		1,871,138		1,871,138
Capital Projects	2,094,387	-		-		-		9,565,906		11,660,293
Enabling Legislation:										
Noninstructional Services	 -	 -		12,573,845		-		-		12,573,845
Total Restricted	 2,094,387	 7,248,842		12,573,845	10,420,	145		29,193,142		61,530,361
Unassigned	 48,669,997	 -		-		-		(1,535,645)		47,134,352
Total Fund Balance	\$ 53,543,998	\$ 7,248,842	\$	12,573,845	\$ 10,420,	145	\$	29,072,598	\$	112,859,428

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The District adopts an annual operating budget for expenditures for all governmental fund types on essentially the same modified accrual basis of accounting used to record actual expenditures. The Governing Board presents a proposed budget to the Superintendent of Public Instruction and County School Superintendent on or by July 5. The Governing Board legally adopts the final budget by July 15, after a public hearing has been held. Once adopted the budget can be increased or decreased only for specific reasons set forth in the A.R.S. All appropriations lapse at year-end. An annual budget of revenue from all sources is not prepared.

Budgetary control over expenditures is exercised at the fund level. However, the General Fund is budgeted within six subsections (see preceding description of General Fund), any of which may be overexpended with the prior approval of the Governing Board at a public meeting, providing the expenditures for all subsections do not exceed the General Fund's total budget.

None of the District's funds had expenditures exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and Investments at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Deposits	
Cash on Hand	\$ 20,000
Cash in Bank	21,398,346
Cash with Trustee	3,145,220
Investments	
Cash on Deposit with County Treasurer	54,597,014
County Treasurer's Investment Pool	8,336,407
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	427,841
Employee Benefits Trust Investments	7,252,875
Worker's Compensation Trust Investments	2,218,595
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 97,396,298

Custodial Credit Risk -- Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$24,543,566 and the bank balance was \$31,887,337, which includes \$3,145,220 held with the trustee. At year-end, all of the District's deposits were insured or covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution in the District's name.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with the District policy and state statutes, the District limits its investments to obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, certificates of deposit in eligible depositories, obligations of the State of Arizona (or any political subdivision thereof), the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, commercial paper of prime quality, or bonds and notes of corporations organized and doing business within the United States of America that are of a high rating. Investments are stated at fair value.

Fair Value Measurements. The District uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities to determine fair value disclosures.

The District follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America that define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value, establish a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and requires expanded disclosures about fair value measurements.

In accordance with these requirements, the District has categorized its investments, based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs the inputs used to measure the financial instruments falls within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities recorded on the statement of net position are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using inputs that are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets accessible at the measurement date of identical financial assets and liabilities. The inputs include those traded on an active exchange, such as the New York Stock Exchange, as well as U.S. Treasury and other U.S. government and agency mortgage-backed securities that are traded by dealers or brokers in active over-the-counter markets.

Level 2 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued based on quoted prices for similar assets, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term through corroboration with observable market data using matrix pricing models.

Level 3 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using pricing inputs which are unobservable for the asset, inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The State Treasurer's pools are external investment pools, the Local Government Investment Pool (Pool 5) and Local Government Investment Pool-Government (Pool 7), with no regulatory oversight. The pools are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The activity and performance of the pools are reviewed monthly by the State Board of Investment. The fair value of each participant's position in the State Treasurer investment pools approximates the value of the participant's shares in the pool and the participants' shares are not identified with specific investments. Participants in the pool are not required to categorize the value of shares in accordance with the fair value hierarchy.

The County Treasurer's pool is an external investment pool with no regulatory oversight. The pool is not required to register (and is not registered) with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The fair value of each participant's position in the County Treasurer investment pool approximates the value of the participant's shares in the pool and the participants' shares are not identified with specific investments. Participants in the pool are not required to categorize the value of shares in accordance with the fair value hierarchy.

The District's investments at June 30, 2022, categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, were as follows:

			Fair Value Measurements Using					
			Quoted	Prices	:	Significant		
			in Active	Markets		Other	Signifi	cant
			for Ide	entical	C	Observable	Observ	able
			Ass	sets		Inputs	Inpu	ts
	Ju	ne 30, 2022	(Lev	vel I)		(Level II)	(Leve	I III)
Investments by Fair Value Level								
Debt Securities								
Corporate Bond Issues	\$	6,230,474	\$	-	\$	6,230,474	\$	-
Total Debt Securities		6,230,474		-		6,230,474		-
Total Investments by Fair								
Value Level		6,230,474	\$	-	\$	6,230,474	\$	-
External Investments Pools								
Measured at Fair Value								
County Treasurer's Investment Pool		62,933,421						
State Treasurer's Investment Pool		427,841						
Total Investments Measured at								
Fair Value		63,361,262						
Investments at Amortized Cost								
Money Market Mutual Funds		3,240,996						
Total Investments at Amortized								
Cost		3,240,996						
Total Investments	\$	72,832,732						

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, however, this risk can be reduced through diversification of the duration of fixed-income investments that are held at a given time.

A schedule of the District's investment maturities is as follows:

	Maturity								
					Ν	Nore than 3			
Investment	Les	s than 1 Year		1-3 Years		Years	Total		
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	3,240,996	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,240,996	
Corporate Bonds		1,668,480		3,229,788		1,332,206		6,230,474	
County Treasurer's Investment Pool		62,933,421		-		-		62,933,421	
State Treasurer's Investment Pool		427,841		-		-		427,841	
Total	\$	68,270,738	\$	3,229,788	\$	1,332,206	\$	72,832,732	

Credit Risk. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year-end, the District's investment in the County and State Treasurers' investment pools did not receive a credit quality rating from a national rating agency. The State Treasurer's investment pool 7 had a weighted average rating of AAA at year-end as it was invested in obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Government. Government Agencies Investments had a weighted average rating of AA+ by Standard and Poors (S&P) and Corporate Bonds have a weighted average rating of AA- by S&P.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. At year-end, the District did not hold investments in any one issuer that represented 5% or more of the District's total investments.

NOTE 4 RECEIVABLES

Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year they are levied in the government-wide financial statements and represent a reconciling item between the government-wide and fund financial statements. In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year levied and collected or if they are collected within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year-end. Property taxes not collected within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year-end. Property taxes not collected within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year-end are reported as unavailable revenues. Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

 Unavailable		Unearned
\$ 19,420,836	\$	
2,768,035		-
87,578		-
-		50,000
-		8,586,441
\$ 22,276,449	\$	8,636,441
	\$ 19,420,836 2,768,035 87,578 - -	\$ 19,420,836 \$ 2,768,035 87,578 -

NOTE 5 CAPITAL AND LEASE ASSETS

A summary of capital and lease asset activity for the current fiscal year-end follows:

Governmental Activities:	Bala	Beginning ance (Restated)	 Increases	Decreases			Ending Balance
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated and Amortied: Land	\$	15,057,776	\$ -	\$	-	\$	15,057,776
Construction in Progress		9,028,784	 21,513,488		(17,836,689)		12,705,583
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated and Amortized		24,086,560	21,513,488		(17,836,689)		27,763,359
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated and Amortized:							
Land Improvements		77,229,815	2,936,077		-		80,165,892
Buildings and Improvements		907,092,245	14,239,470		(213,275)		921,118,440
Furniture, Equipment, and Vehicles		78,887,973	9,681,959		(2,246,064)		86,323,868
Right-to-Use Lease Assets Total Capital Assets, Being		4,277,909	 -		-		4,277,909
Depreciated and Amortized		1,067,487,942	26,857,506		(2,459,339)		1,091,886,109
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization for:							
Land Improvements		(46,998,648)	(2,466,924)		-		(49,465,572)
Buildings and Improvements		(377,678,840)	(19,190,059)		178,658		(396,690,241)
Furniture, Equipment, and Vehicles		(54,934,515)	(2,868,665)		2,097,225		(55,705,955)
Right-to-Use Lease Assets		-	 (834,520)		-		(834,520)
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		(479,612,003)	 (25,360,168)		2,275,883		(502,696,288)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated and Amortized, Net		587,875,939	 1,497,338		(183,456)		589,189,821
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	611,962,499	\$ 23,010,826	\$	(18,020,145)	\$	616,953,180

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Instruction	\$ 21,208,298
Support Services:	
Students	74,769
Instructional Staff	262,917
General Administration	228,959
School Administration	4,104
Business and Other Support Services	317,070
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	777,872
Student Transportation	2,343,141
Operation of Noninstructional Services	 143,038
Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense	\$ 25,360,168

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented the provision of GASB 87 Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. As a result, \$4,277,909 of right-to-use lease assets were added as of Juley 1, 2021.

NOTE 5 CAPITAL AND LEASE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

At year-end, the District had contractual commitments related to various capital projects as follows:

	Governmental Activities			ivities	
				stimated	
Project	Spe	ent-to-Date	Remaining		
JTED Student Kitchen Remodel	\$	585,422	\$	216,434	

NOTE 6 OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE PURCHASES AND LEASES

Finance Purchases

The District has acquired building improvements, vehicles, and equipment under the provisions of long-term agreements classified as finance purchases agreements. These agreements qualify as financed purchases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Revenues from the Unrestricted Capital Outlay Fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, and the Food Service Fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, will be used to pay the capital lease obligations for the vehicles and equipment. Revenue from the General Fund, as well as the federal interest subsidy received to fund the interest payments, are transferred to the Energy and Water Savings Fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, to pay the finance purchase obligations on the energy efficiency equipment and building upgrades. Amortization of assets recorded related to the agreements are is included in depreciation expense.

Assets acquired through financed purchases that meet the District's definition of capital assets are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
Asset:				
Buildings and Improvements	\$	29,466,812		
Vehicles and Equipment		567,139		
Less:				
Accumulated Depreciation		(8,635,112)		
Total	\$	21,398,839		

NOTE 6 OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE PURCHASES AND LEASES (CONTINUED)

Finance Purchases (Continued)

The future minimum financed obligations, and the net present value of these minimum payments.

	Go	overnmental
<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>		Activities
2023	\$	2,899,118
2024		2,805,398
2025		2,774,158
2026		2,774,158
2027		2,774,158
2028-29		5,548,316
Total Minimum Lease Payments		19,575,306
Less: Amount Representing Interest		(2,833,491)
Present Value of		
Minimum Lease Amounts	\$	16,741,815

<u>Leases</u>

The District leases equipment as well as certain operating office facilities for various terms under long-term, noncancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2027 and provide for renewal options ranging from various years.

Total future minimum lease payments under lease agreements are as follows:

	Governmen				
Principal Interest		Principal			Totals
\$	812,666	\$	35,265	\$	847,931
	794,884		26,721		821,605
	797,463		18,187		815,650
	630,162		10,265		640,427
	409,632		4,288		413,920
\$	3,444,807	\$	94,726	\$	3,539,533
		Principal \$ 812,666 794,884 797,463 630,162 409,632	Principal I \$ 812,666 \$ 794,884 \$ 797,463 \$ 630,162 \$ 409,632 \$	\$ 812,666 \$ 35,265 794,884 26,721 797,463 18,187 630,162 10,265 409,632 4,288	Principal Interest \$ 812,666 \$ 35,265 \$ 794,884 26,721 \$ 797,463 18,187 \$ 630,162 10,265 \$ 409,632 4,288 \$

Right-to-use assets acquired through outstanding leases are shown below, by underlying asset class.

	Governmental Activities			
Asset: Buildings Equipment	\$	2,426,236 1,851,673		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation Total	\$	(834,520) 3,443,389		

NOTE 7 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable at year-end, consisted of the following outstanding general obligation bonds. The bonds are both callable and noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Property taxes from the Debt Service Fund, a major governmental fund, are used to pay the bonded debt.

Purpose	Original Amount Issued	Interest Rates (%)	Maturity Dates	Amount utstanding
Governmental Activities:				
Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 (Nontaxable)	28,115,000	4.00-5.00%	7/1/19-24	\$ 4,505,000
Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	63,000,000	4.00-5.00%	7/1/19-27	42,975,000
Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 (2020 Crossover)	48,520,000	3.00-5.00%	7/1/21-30	 40,860,000
Total				\$ 88,340,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation bonds at year-end are summarized as follows:

(
Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Interest		 Totals
2023	\$	12,985,000	\$	3,979,150	\$ 16,964,150		
2024		11,530,000		3,329,900	14,859,900		
2025		14,965,000		2,763,850	17,728,850		
2026		16,325,000		2,015,600	18,340,600		
2027		15,155,000		1,199,350	16,354,350		
2028-2031		17,380,000		1,192,700	 18,572,700		
Totals	\$	88,340,000	\$	14,480,550	\$ 102,820,550		

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligation and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. At year-end, the District had zero defeased bonds outstanding.

NOTE 7 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Legal Debt Margin

The legal debt margin of the District at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Net Full Cash Assessed Value		\$ 4,308,913,329
Legal Debt Margin:		
General Obligation Bonds Debt Limitation - 30% of Assessed Value		4 000 070 000
Debt Limitation - 30% of Assessed Value		1,292,673,999
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit:		
General Obligation and Refunding Bonds Outstanding	\$ 88,340,000	
Less: Assets in Debt Service Fund Available for Payment of Principal	 (10,420,145)	
Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit		 77,919,855
Legal Debt Margin		\$ 1,214,754,144
Class B General Obligation Bonds		
Debt Limitation - the greater of 20% of the net full cash assessed valuation or \$1,500 per student (ADM)		
20% of secondary net assessed valuation		\$ 861,782,665
\$1,500 per student (ADM) (\$1,500 * 39,293)		59,002,500
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit:		
General Obligation and Refunding Bonds Outstanding	\$ 88,340,000	
Less: Assets in Debt Service Fund Available for Payment of Principal	 (10,420,145)	
Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit		 77,919,855
Legal Debt Margin		\$ 783,862,810

NOTE 8 CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the current fiscal year was as follows:

	Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	End of Year	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds Payable:					
General Obligation Bonds Premium	\$ 100,605,000 12,802,758	\$-	\$ (12,265,000) (2,362,740)	\$ 88,340,000 10,440,018	\$ 12,985,000 -
Total Bonds Payable	113,407,758	-	(14,627,740)	98,780,018	12,985,000
Other Liabilities:					
Finance Purchases	19,440,739	-	(2,739,823)	16,700,916	2,186,784
Lease Liability	4,277,909	-	(833,102)	3,444,807	812,666
Compensated Absences	12,206,306	5,302,816	(8,372,312)	9,136,810	4,195,860
Total Other Liabilities	35,924,954	5,302,816	(11,945,237)	29,282,533	7,195,310
Total Debt	\$ 149,332,712	\$ 5,302,816	\$ (26,572,977)	\$ 128,062,551	\$ 20,180,310

NOTE 9 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

At year-end, interfund balances were as follows:

Due to/from other funds – Due to/from other funds, representing short-term interfund borrowing, consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

			Due From		
		Special		Nonmajor	
	General	Projects	Other Special	Governmental	
Due To	Fund	Fund	Revenue	Funds	Total
General Fund Total	\$	\$ 19,513,311 \$ 19,513,311	\$ 23,025 \$ 23,025	\$ 888,829 \$ 888,829	\$ 20,425,165 \$ 20,425,165

All interfund balances are expected to be paid within one year.

Interfund transfers:

			Tran	isfer Out			
		Special			I	Nonmajor	
Transfer In	 General Fund	 Projects Fund		r Special evenue	Go	overnmental Funds	 Total
General Fund Nonmajor Governmental	\$ -	\$ 1,505,225	\$	-	\$	1,000,000	\$ 2,505,225
Funds	2,386,737	-		-		17,184	2,403,921
Total	\$ 2,386,737	\$ 1,505,225	\$	-	\$	1,017,184	\$ 4,909,146

Transfers between funds were used (1) to move federal grant funds restricted for indirect costs, and (2) to move utility savings to the Energy and Water Savings Fund for lease payments.

NOTE 10 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Compliance

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures/expenses that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time.

Lawsuits

The District is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the District's counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

NOTE 10 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Intergovernmental Agreement

The District and Pima County (County) are involved in litigation with the State of Arizona related to state aid not paid to the District. In May 2020, the District entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) with the County for the investment of County funds in District warrants registered for properly budgeted expenses. The IGA extends County funds to the District should the District experience cash shortfalls as a result of the loss of the state aid. As of June 30, 2022, the District has not utilized the IGA to cover cash shortfalls.

NOTE 11 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The District established an Employee Benefit Trust (an Internal Service Fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss related to employee health claims. Under this program, the Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$1,000,000 for each claim. The Fund purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of this coverage. Settled claims did not exceed this coverage in the past three fiscal years. The related plan changed their fiscal year-end from August 31 to June 30 during the current fiscal year to align with the District's year-end. Therefore, there is only 10 months of activity reported for the year ending June 30, 2022.

The District established the Workers' Compensation Trust (an Internal Service Fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss related to employee work related accidents. However, effective July 1, 2014, the District joined the Arizona School Alliance for Workers' Compensation, Inc. (Alliance) together with other school districts in the state for risks of loss related to workers' compensation claims. The Alliance is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for school districts in the State. The District pays quarterly premiums to the Alliance for its employee workers' compensation coverage. The agreement provides that the Alliance will be self-sustaining through members' premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts for each insured event. The District will continue to operate the Workers' Compensation Trust for claims that were incurred in prior reporting periods, until all outstanding claims have been settled.

NOTE 11 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay- outs), and other economic and social factors.

The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example from salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate.

	Employee Benefits			Workers' Compensation				
		2022		2021		2022		2021
Unpaid Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses at Beginning of the Fiscal Year	\$	4,475,730	\$	4,347,647	\$	1,718,831	\$	2,063,017
Incurred Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses: Provision for Insured Events of the Current								
Fiscal Year		32,728,400		29,216,603		2,403,836		1,970,569
Total Incurred Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses		37,204,130		33,564,250		4,122,667		4,033,586
Payments: Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses Attributable to Insured Events of the Current Fiscal Year		33,310,944		29,088,520		1,806,858		2,314,755
Total Unpaid Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses at End of the Fiscal Year	\$	3,893,186	\$	4,475,730	\$	2,315,809	\$	1,718,831

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

The District joined the Arizona School Risk Retention Trust, Inc. (ASRRT) for claims in excess of the stated amounts. ASRRT is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for school districts and community colleges in the State. The District pays an annual premium to ASRRT for its general insurance coverage. The agreement provides that ASRRT will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts. The District retains the risk of loss for general property claims up to \$100,000 and carries commercial insurance for claims in excess of \$100,000. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District continued to carry commercial insurance for employee dental, life, and vision insurance and property insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 12 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

District employees participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiemployer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiemployer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiemployer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. ASRS is a component unit of the state of Arizona. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

Benefits Provided

The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Before July 1, 2011	On or After July 1, 2011
Years of Service	Sum of Years and Age Equals 80	30 Years, Age 55
and Age Required	10 Years, Age 62	25 Years, Age 60
to Receive Benefit	5 Years, Age 50*	10 Years, Age 62
	Any Years, Age 65	5 Years, Age 50*
		Any Years, Age 65
Final Average	Highest 36 Consecutive	Highest 60 Consecutive
Salary is Based on	Months of Last 120 Months	Months of Last 120 Months
Benefit Percentage Per Year of Service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%

* With Actuarially Reduced Benefits

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

NOTE 12 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with five years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with five to nine years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

Contributions

In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the current fiscal year, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.41% (12.22% for retirement and 0.19% for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the District was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.41% (12.21% for retirement and 0.19% for long-term disability) of the insurance premium benefit, and 0.19% for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll.

In addition, the District was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.22% (10.13% for retirement and .09% for long-term disability)of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to ASRS.

The District's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2022, were \$35,186,341, \$1,136,429, and \$-0-, respectively. The contributions were paid 69% from the General Fund and 31% from other funds.

NOTE 12 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Liability

At June 30, 2022, the District reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS; net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

		Net		
	Pension/OPEB			
	(A	(Asset) Liability		
Pension	\$	311,600,629		
Health Insurance Premium Benefit		(11,333,046)		
Long-Term Disability		483,989		

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2021. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 reflects a change in actuarial assumption related to changes in loads for future potential permanent benefit increases.

The District's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the District's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2020 were:

		Increase (Decrease)
	Proportion	from
	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Pension	2.37147%	(0.00075)
Health Insurance Premium		
Benefit	2.32612%	(0.00067)
Long-Term Disability	2.34463%	(0.00067)

The net asset and net liabilities measured as of June 30, 2021, will reflect changes of actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020. The change in the District's net asset and net liabilities as a result of these changes is not known.

NOTE 12 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

<u>Expense</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized the following pension and OPEB expense.

	Pension/OPEB Expense		
Pension	\$	16,349,966	
Health Insurance Premium Benefit Long-Term Disability	\$	(1,300,293) 344,125	
Total OPEB	\$	(956,168)	

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

	Per	ision
	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments Changes in Proportion and Differences Between District's Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date Total	\$ 4,750,065 40,557,313 - <u>35,186,341</u> \$ 80,493,719	\$ - - 98,726,041 12,837,647 - - \$ 111,563,688
	Health Insurance	Premium Benefit
	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ -	\$ 3,930,321
Changes of Assumptions Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings	561,859	458,200
on Pension Plan Investments Changes in Proportion and Differences Between District's	-	4,203,988
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	30,789	1,844
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date Total	1,136,429 \$ 1,729,077	- \$ 8,594,353

NOTE 12 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

		Long-Tern	n Disab	oility
	C	Deferred		Deferred
	C	Dutflows		Inflows
	of F	Resources	of	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	139,804	\$	39,441
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		154,786		609,835
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings				
on Pension Plan Investments		-		335,194
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between District's				
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		-		101,883
Total	\$	294,590	\$	1,086,353

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date as reported in the table above will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension and OPEB liabilities in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		ļ	Health Insurance				
			Premium		Long-Term		
<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	 Pension	Premium Benefit			Disability		
2022	\$ (7,981,460)	\$	(1,876,413)	\$	(109,640)		
2023	(2,489,081)		(1,798,090)		(103,812)		
2024	(21,764,034)		(1,971,757)		(115,929)		
2025	(34,021,735)		(2,180,810)		(166,645)		
2026	-		(174,635)		(72,727)		
Thereafter	-		-		(223,010)		

Actuarial Assumptions

The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date Actuarial Roll Forward Date Actuarial Cost Method	June 30, 2020 June 30, 2021 Entry Age Normal
Discount Rate	7.0%
Projected Salary Increases Inflation	2.7 - 8.4% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB 2.3%
Permanent Benefit Increase	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality Rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health insurance premium benefit
Recovery Rates Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	2012 GLDT for long-term disability Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 12 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, excluding any expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target Asset	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	50 %	4.90 %
Fixed Income - Credit	20	5.20
Fixed Income - Interest Rate Sensitive	10	0.70
Real Estate	20	5.70
Total	100 %	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.0%, which was a decrease of 0.5% from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statutes. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.0%) or one percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

		Current	
		Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	(6.0%)	(7.0%)	(8.0%)
District's Proportionate Share of the			
Net Pension Liability	\$ 490,121,690	\$ 311,600,629	\$ 162,763,458
Net Insurance Premium Benefit Asset	(7,503,657)	(11,333,046)	(14,589,296)
Net Long-term Disability Liability	630,220	483,989	342,506

NOTE 12 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

NOTE 13 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

We have evaluated subsequent events through March 28, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

On June 14, 2022, the District Governing Board approved the sale of two properties to the Pascua Yaqui Tribe for \$2,200,000. The sale was completed on August 5, 2022.

On January 30, 2023, the District was the victim of a significant cyberattack. The cyberattack affected major components of the District's network. However, as of the date of these financial statements, access to these systems has been safely restored. The District has cyber liability coverage, providing financial protection for expenses and damages related to this event. At this time, management cannot quantify the financial impact to the District's operations.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance from
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$ 165,850,070	\$ 165,850,070
Intergovernmental	-	-	150,929,086	150,929,086
Investment Earnings (Loss)	-	-	(66,441)	(66,441)
Miscellaneous	-	-	505,890	505,890
Total Revenues	-	-	317,218,605	317,218,605
Expenditures				
Regular Education				
Instruction	89,413,875	102,324,972	87,474,847	14,850,125
Support Services				
Students	14,341,987	14,363,391	16,570,743	(2,207,352)
Instructional Staff	6,836,880	6,833,062	8,621,907	(1,788,845)
General Administration	2,167,966	2,169,966	2,121,348	48,618
School Administration	19,009,078	19,011,143	19,714,224	(703,081)
Central Services	10,095,044	10,076,054	8,899,157	1,176,897
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	56,251,638	55,518,274	51,131,749	4,386,525
Operation of Noninstructional Services	-	-	481,449	(481,449)
School-Sponsored Cocurricular Activities	427,752	625,254	443,520	181,734
School-Sponsored Athletics	2,926,574	2,888,384	2,552,636	335,748
Total Regular Education	201,470,794	213,810,500	198,011,580	15,798,920
Special Education				
Instruction	42,339,154	42,247,893	37,245,738	5,002,155
Support Services - Students	13,378,424	13,478,873	11,543,801	1,935,072
Support Services - Instructional Staff	2,021,148	1,966,620	1,788,686	177,934
Support Services - School Administration	163,240	-	161,231	(161,231)
Support Services - Business	114,674	114,524	40,578	73,946
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	121,287	121,347	96,835	24,512
Total Special Education	58,137,927	57,929,257	50,876,869	7,052,388
Pupil Transportation	11,584,379	11,364,181	9,182,674	2,181,507
Desegregation	61,034,230	57,153,032	57,559,560	(406,528)
Dropout Prevention	767,410	767,410	752,783	14,627
K-3 Reading Program	219,375	184,275	124,401	59,874
Total Expenditures	333,214,115	341,208,655	316,507,867	24,700,788
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(333,214,115)	(341,208,655)	710,738	341,919,393
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(, , , ,	,	
Transfers In	_	_	_	_
Transfers Out	-	-	- (2,386,737)	- (2,386,737)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(2,386,737)	(2,386,737)
• • • •	(222.044.445)	(044.000.055)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(333,214,115)	(341,208,655)	(1,675,999)	339,532,656
Fund Balance				044
Beginning of Year	(331,005,061)	(315,933,631)	28,771,910	344,705,541
Decrease in Nonspendable for Inventories End of Year	-	-	(430,930)	(430,930)
	\$ (664,219,176)	\$ (657,142,286)	\$ 26,664,981	\$ 683,807,267

See accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information Other Than MD&A.

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Am	ounts		V	/ariance with
	Original		Final	Actual	F	-inal Budget
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 130,337,276	\$	130,337,276
Investment Earnings	-		-	6		6
Miscellaneous	-		-	1,765		1,765
Total Revenues	 -		-	130,339,047		130,339,047
Expenditures						
Current						
Instruction	58,123,880		81,736,082	80,906,214		829,868
Support Services						
Students	7,817,539		10,993,330	10,881,715		111,615
Instructional Staff	11,002,100		15,471,584	15,314,501		157,083
General Administration	104,098		146,386	144,900		1,486
School Administration	1,314,522		1,848,532	1,829,764		18,768
Business and Other Support Services	1,054,995		1,483,576	1,468,513		15,063
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	3,820,812		5,372,976	5,318,424		54,552
Student Transportation	5,364,568		7,543,866	7,467,273		76,593
Operation of Noninstructional Services	2,240,245		3,150,320	3,118,335		31,985
Facilities Acquisition	1,384,973		1,947,604	1,927,830		19,774
Total Expenditures	 92,227,733		129,694,256	 128,377,469		1,316,788
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(92,227,733)		(129,694,256)	1,961,578		131,655,834
Revenues Over Experiatures	(92,221,133)		(129,094,250)	1,901,576		131,033,634
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In						
Transfers Out	-		-	- (1,505,225)		-
Total Other Finance Sources (Uses)	 		-	 (1,505,225)		(1,505,225) (1,505,225)
Total Other Finance Sources (Oses)	 -		-	 (1,505,225)		(1,505,225)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(92,227,733)		(129,694,256)	456,353		130,150,609
Fund Balance						
Beginning of Year	(74,026,101)		(94,458,094)	6,792,489		101,250,583
End of Year	\$ (166,253,834)	\$	(224,152,350)	\$ 7,248,842	\$	231,401,192
		_				

See accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information Other Than MD&A.

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Am	ounts			Variance with		
		Original	Final		Actual		F	Final Budget	
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	332,017	\$	332,017	
Tuition		-		-		5,278,400		5,278,400	
Contributions and Donations		-		-		2,115,040		2,115,040	
Charges for Services		-		-		2,052,718		2,052,718	
Investment Earnings		-		-		71,856		71,856	
Miscellaneous		-		-		256,292		256,292	
Total Revenues		-		-		10,106,323		10,106,323	
Expenditures									
Current									
Instruction		8,836,173		33,578,195		5,063,737		28,514,458	
Support Services									
Students		623,155		2,368,042		357,111		2,010,931	
Instructional Staff		966,679		3,673,462		553,974		3,119,488	
General Administration		119,254		453,177		68,341		384,836	
School Administration		205,480		780,840		117,754		663,086	
Business and Other Support Services		281,526		1,069,823		161,334		908,489	
Operations and Maintenance of Plant		631,507		2,399,779		361,897		2,037,882	
Student Transportation		329,576		1,252,418		188,870		1,063,548	
Operation of Noninstructional Services		4,506,475		17,124,980		2,582,521		14,542,459	
Facilities Acquisition		1,295,706		4,923,791		742,529		4,181,262	
Total Expenditures	_	17,795,532		67,624,507	_	10,198,068		57,426,439	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(17,795,532)		(67,624,507)		(91,745)		67,532,762	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers Out		-		-		-		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(17,795,532)		(67,624,507)		(91,745)		67,532,762	
Fund Balance									
Beginning of Year		(24,627,879)		(22,278,765)		12,665,590		34,944,355	
End of Year	\$	(42,423,411)	\$	(89,903,272)	\$	12,573,845	\$	102,477,117	

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION AND OPEB ASSET/LIABILITY COST SHARING PENSION AND OPEB PLANS LAST TEN YEARS

Reporting Fiscal Year

ASRS - Pension				1)	(Measurement Date)				
	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 (2013)
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	2.37147%	2.44622%	2.55685%	2.60893%	2.63076%	2.55567%	2.57435%	2.62166%	2.93952%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 311,600,629	\$ 423,844,799	\$ 372,051,424	\$ 363,853,920	\$ 409,821,128	\$ 412,510,812	\$ 400,992,229 {	\$ 387,916,386	\$ 488,674,938
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 245,516,094	\$ 243,346,001	\$ 257,123,313	\$ 225,428,219	\$ 233,458,184	\$ 230,508,476	\$ 225,906,271	N/A	N/A
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	126.92%	174.17%	144.70%	161.41%	175.54%	178.96%	177.50%	N/A	N/A
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	78.58%	69.33%	73.24%	73.00%	69.92%	67.06%	68.35%	N/A	N/A
ASRS - Health Insurance Premium Benefit			Reporting Fiscal Yea (Measurement Date)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)					
	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)			
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	2.32612%	2.39359%	6 2.50792%	2.56702%	2.60208%	2.60208%			
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (11,333,046)	\$ (1,694,653)) \$ (693,073)	\$ (924,360)	\$ (1,416,572)	\$ 752,406			
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 245,516,094	\$ 243,346,001	\$ 257,123,313	\$ 225,428,219	\$ 233,458,184	\$ 230,508,476			
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-4.62%	-0.70%	-0.27%	-0.41%	-0.61%	0.33%			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	130.24%	104.33%	101.62%	102.00%	103.57%	N/A			
ASRS - Long-Term Disability			Reporting Fiscal Yea (Measurement Date)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)					
	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)			
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	2.34463%	2.41203%	2.51924%	2.60851%	2.61688%	2.61688%			
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 483,989	\$ 1,829,794	\$ 1,641,147	\$ 1,362,958	\$ 948,559	\$ 940,411			
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 245,517,328	\$ 253,887,629	\$ 257,123,313	\$ 255,428,219	\$ 233,458,184	N/A			
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	0.20%	0.72%	0.64%	0.53%	0.41%	N/A			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	90.38%	68.01%	72.85%	78.00%	84.44%	N/A			

See accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information Other Than MD&A.

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SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS COST SHARING PENSION AND OPEB PLANS LAST TEN YEARS **TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**

25,286,682

2014

25,286,682

A/A N/A

ASRS - Pension
Statutorily Required Contribution
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)
District's Covered Payroll
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
ASRS - Health Insurance Premium Benefit
Statutorily Required Contribution
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)
District's Covered Payroll
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
ASRS - Long-Term Disability
Statutorily Required Contribution
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)
District's Covered Payroll
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll

	θ		ф														
2015	25,821,534	25,821,534		225,906,271	11.43%												
	\$		ю	Ф													
2016	25,963,519	25,963,519	'	230,508,476	11.26%												
	θ		ω	θ													
2017	27,661,624	27,661,624		233,458,184	11.85%	2017	1,400,798	1,400,798		233,458,184	0.60%	2017	355,901	355,901		233,458,184	0.15%
	⇔		ф	Ф			θ		φ	ф			⇔		φ	Ф	
2018	28,232,555	28,232,555		225,428,219	12.52%	2018	1,139,663	1,139,663		225,428,219	0.51%	2018	414,423	414,423	'	255,428,219	0.16%
	θ		φ	θ			θ		φ	φ			θ		φ	Ф	
2019	30,105,384	30,105,384		257,123,313	11.71%	2019	1,238,624	1,238,624	'	257,123,313	0.48%	2019	430,905	430,905	'	257,123,313	0.17%
	θ		ф	Ф			θ		φ	ф			θ		φ	¢	
2020	30,558,140	30,558,140		243,346,001	12.56%	2020	1,307,728	1,307,728		243,346,001	0.54%	2020	453,702	453,702	'	253,887,629	0.18%
	θ		ω	θ			θ		Ś	φ			⇔		θ	φ	
2021	30,761,535	30,761,535	'	245,516,094	12.53%	2021	1,331,009	1,331,009		245,516,094	0.54%	2021	442,136	442,136		245,517,328	0.18%
	÷		φ	θ			θ		φ	÷			⇔		θ	⇔	
2022	35,186,341	35,186,341		280,671,484	12.54%	2022	1,136,429	1,136,429	'	280,671,484	0.40%	2022	468,365	468,365	'	280,547,823	0.17%
	÷		θ	θ			θ		ф	÷			θ		θ	÷	

See accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information Other Than MD&A.

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The General Fund budgetary comparison schedule is prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. For external reporting purposes, the General Fund includes revenues, expenditures, other financing sources, and uses and fund balances of other internally maintained funds. The General Fund, however, is budgeted based on the internally maintained General Fund and does not include the other internally maintained funds.

Consequently, the following reconciliation is necessary to reconcile the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule to the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

	 Total Revenues	E	Total Expenditures	Other Financing Sources and Uses		Fund Balance Beginning of Year		Fund Balance End of Year	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	\$ 327,950,259	\$	325,612,271	\$	118,488	\$	51,518,452	\$	53,543,998
Non Maintenance and Operation Activity Included in General Fund	 (10,731,654)		(9,104,404)		(2,505,225)		(22,746,542)		(26,879,017)
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	\$ 317,218,605	\$	316,507,867	\$	(2,386,737)	\$	28,771,910	\$	26,664,981

NOTE 2 COST SHARING PLANS

Information prior to the measurement date June 30, 2013 was not available for the pension information. GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB), as amended by GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017, adopted fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, requires the District to present ten years of pension and OPEB information as required supplementary information. However, until a full ten years of trend data is compiled, the District will present information for only those years for which information is available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

<u>Classroom Site</u> – to account for the revenues and expenditures of State apportioned education sales tax monies.

Instructional Improvement – accounts for the revenues and expenditures for State apportioned Indian Gaming monies.

Food Service Fund – accounts for the financial operations of preparing and serving regular and incidental meals and snacks in connection with school functions.

<u>Student Activities</u> – to account for monies raised with the approval of the governing board by students to finance student clubs, organizations and other student entertainment other than auxiliary operations fund monies.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

<u>Unrestricted Capital Outlay</u> – to account for transactions relating to the acquisition of capital items.

<u>Adjacent Ways</u> – to account for monies received to finance improvements of public ways adjacent to school property.

<u>Building Renewal Grant</u> – to account for building renewal grant monies requested from the School Facilities Board that are used for infrastructure or for major upgrades, repairs, or renovations to areas, systems, or buildings that will maintain or extend their useful life.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Energy and Water Savings – to account for accumulation of funds for repayment of outstanding debt issue to fund energy and water savings projects completed by the District.
TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

				Spe	cial Revenue			
ASSETS		Classroom Site	tructional provement		Food Service	Student Activities		otal Special venue Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	7,347,079	\$ 426,746	\$	7,448,318	\$	2,025,628	\$ 17,247,771
Receivables								
Accounts Receivable		-	-		772,444		210,521	982,965
Property Taxes		-	-		-		-	-
Intergovernmental		-	-		82,260		-	82,260
Prepaids and Other Assets		5,150	 -		1,409,951		-	 1,415,101
Total Assets	\$	7,352,229	\$ 426,746	\$	9,712,973	\$	2,236,149	\$ 19,728,097
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	2,425	\$ -	\$	235,883	\$	365,011	\$ 603,319
Accrued Wages and Benefits		337,569	193		205,509		-	543,271
Due to Other Funds		-	-		-		-	-
Total Liabilities		339,994	 193		441,392		365,011	 1,146,590
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable Revenue		-	-		-		-	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	-		-		-	 -
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		5,150	-		1,409,951		-	1.415.101
Restricted		7,007,085	426,553		7,861,630		1,871,138	17,166,406
Unassigned		-	-		-		-	-
Total Fund Balances	_	7,012,235	 426,553	_	9,271,581		1,871,138	 18,581,507
Total Liabilities. Deferred Inflows								
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	7,352,229	\$ 426,746	\$	9,712,973	\$	2,236,149	\$ 19,728,097

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

	Capital Projects								ebt Service		
-	Inrestricted apital Outlay	Ad	jacent Ways		Building Renewal		Total Capital Projects Funds		Energy & Water Savings		tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	8,914,780	\$	2,169,260	\$	-	\$	11,084,040	\$	2,114,865	\$	30,446,676
	-		-		-		-		366,008		1,348,973
	45,209		49,213		-		94,422		-		94,422
	2,750,289		-		1,267,073		4,017,362		-		4,099,622
	-		-		-		-		-		1,415,101
\$	11,710,278	\$	2,218,473	\$	1,267,073	\$	15,195,824	\$	2,480,873	\$	37,404,794

\$	4,264,688 5 - 4,264,693	\$ 10,574 - - 10,574	\$	1,913,889 - 888,829 2,802,718	\$	6,189,151 5 888,829 7,077,985	\$ 20,043 - - 20,043	\$ 6,812,513 543,276 888,829 8,244,618
	45,209 45,209	 42,369 42,369		-		87,578 87,578	 -	 87,578 87,578
_	7,400,376	 2,165,530 - 2,165,530	_	- (1,535,645) (1,535,645)	_	- 9,565,906 (1,535,645) 8,030,261	 2,460,830 2,460,830	 1,415,101 29,193,142 (1,535,645) 29,072,598
\$	11,710,278	\$ 2,218,473	\$	1,267,073	\$	15,195,824	\$ 2,480,873	\$ 37,404,794

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Special Revenue		
	Classroom Site	Instructional Improvement	Food Service	Student Activities	Total Special Revenue Funds
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -
Intergovernmental	35,377,128	1,586,458	23,173,807	-	60,137,393
Food Service Sales	-	-	244,388		244,388
Investment Earnings (Loss)	8,217	(33)	13,153	2,439	23,776
Miscellaneous	4,422		2,384	1,228,149	1,234,955
Total Revenues	35,389,767	1,586,425	23,433,732	1,230,588	61,640,512
Expenditures					
Current					
Instruction	30,347,598	1,273,817	-	-	31,621,415
Support Services					
Students	941,832	-	-	-	941,832
Instructional Staff	424,265	-	-	-	424,265
General Administration	-	-	-	-	-
School Administration	-	-	-	-	-
Business and Other Support Services	-	-	3,230	-	3,230
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	-	-	-	-	-
Student Transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Operation of Noninstructional Services	-	-	17,480,635	1,121,106	18,601,741
Debt Service					
Principal Retirement	-	-	116,607	-	116,607
Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	-	8,353	-	8,353
Capital Outlay					
Facilities Acquisition	-	-	62,256		62,256
Total Expenditures	31,713,695	1,273,817	17,671,081	1,121,106	51,779,699
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over Expenditures	3,676,072	312,608	5,762,651	109,482	9,860,813
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	-	-	-	17,184	17,184
Transfers Out	-	-	(1,000,000)	(17,184)	(1,017,184)
Total Other Financing			()		
Sources (Uses)	-	-	(1,000,000)	-	(1,000,000)
			()		()
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,676,072	312,608	4,762,651	109,482	8,860,813
Fund Balances					
Beginning of Year	3,336,163	113,945	5,069,079	1,761,656	10,280,843
Increase in Nonspendable for Inventories			(560,149)		(560,149)
End of Year	\$ 7,012,235	\$ 426,553	\$ 9,271,581	\$ 1,871,138	\$ 18,581,507

	Debt Service		Capital Projects						
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Energy & Water Savings	Total Capital Projects Funds	Building Renewal	Adjacent Ways	Unrestricted Capital Outlay				
\$ 16,687,491 77,314,224 244,388	\$- 752,185	\$ 16,687,491 16,424,646	\$- 5,623,970	\$	15,695,501 10,800,676 -	\$			
62,326 1,242,210	6,610	31,940 7,255	-	6,828	25,112 7,255				
95,550,639	758,795	33,151,332	5,623,970	998,818	26,528,544				
39,920,231	-	8,298,816	-	-	8,298,816				
1,635,131	-	693,299	-	-	693,299				
1,671,838	-	1,247,573	-	-	1,247,573				
70,029	-	70,029	-	-	70,029				
6,594	-	6,594	-	-	6,594				
5,145,826	-	5,142,596	-	-	5,142,596				
1,485,655	61,159	1,424,496	297,573	-	1,126,923				
85,551	-	85,551	-	-	85,551				
18,601,741	-	-	-	-	-				
2,739,823	1,977,483	645,733	-	-	645,733				
821,688	796,675	16,660	-	-	16,660				
14,298,671		14,236,415	6,862,042	10,992	7,363,381				
86,482,778	2,835,317	31,867,762	7,159,615	10,992	24,697,155				
9,067,861	(2,076,522)	1,283,570	(1,535,645)	987,826	1,831,389				
2,403,921 (1,017,184)	2,386,737	-	-	-	-				
1,386,737	2,386,737		-	-	-				
10,454,598	310,215	1,283,570	(1,535,645)	987,826	1,831,389	_			
19,178,149 (560,149)	2,150,615	6,746,691	-	1,177,704	5,568,987 -				
\$ 29,072,598	\$ 2,460,830	\$ 8,030,261	\$ (1,535,645)	\$ 2,165,530	7,400,376	\$			

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance from
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$ 17,555,139	\$ 17,555,139
Investment Earnings		-	35,281	35,281
Total Revenues	-	-	17,590,420	17,590,420
Expenditures Support Services				
Business and Other Support Services Debt Service	8,424	8,424	5,871	2,553
Principal Retirement	17,597,499	17,597,499	12,265,000	5,332,499
Interest on Long-Term Debt	6,588,122	6,588,122	4,591,750	1,996,372
Total Expenditures	24,194,045	24,194,045	16,862,621	7,331,423
Net Change in Fund Balance	(24,194,045)	(24,194,045)	727,799	24,921,844
Fund Balance				
Beginning of Year	(18,042,736)	(18,042,736)	9,692,346	27,735,082
End of Year	\$ (42,236,781)	\$ (42,236,781)	\$ 10,420,145	\$ 52,656,926

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL CLASSROOM SITE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$-	\$-	\$ 35,377,128	\$ 35,377,128
Investment Earnings	-	-	8,217	8,217
Other	-	-	4,422	4,422
Total Revenues	-	-	35,389,767	35,389,767
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction	35,409,109	35,409,109	30,347,598	5,061,511
Support Services				
Students	1,098,915	1,098,915	941,832	157,083
Instructional Staff	495,026	495,026	424,265	70,761
Total Expenditures	37,003,050	37,003,050	31,713,695	5,289,355
Net Change in Fund Balance	(37,003,050)	(37,003,050)	3,676,072	40,679,122
Fund Balance				
Beginning of Year	(23,554,275)	(25,458,847)	3,336,163	28,795,010
End of Year	\$ (60,557,325)	\$ (62,461,897)	\$ 7,012,235	\$ 69,474,132

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL INSTRUCTIONAL IMPROVEMENT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Am	ounts	_		Variance with	
	Original			Final	Actual		Final Budget	
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment Earnings (Loss) Total Revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,586,458 (33) 1,586,425	\$	1,586,458 (33) 1,586,425
Expenditures Current Instruction		1,444,300		1,900,000		1,273,817		626,183
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,444,300)		(1,900,000)		312,608		2,212,608
Fund Balance								
Beginning of Year		(1,900,000)		(1,900,000)		113,945		2,013,945
End of Year	\$	(3,344,300)	\$	(3,800,000)	\$	426,553	\$	4,226,553

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOOD SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Am	ounts			Variance with Final Budget		
	 Original		Final		Actual			
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	-	\$	23,173,807	\$	23,173,807	
Food Service Sales	-		-		244,388		244,388	
Investment Earnings	-		-		13,153		13,153	
Miscellaneous	 -		-		2,384		2,384	
Total Revenues	-		-		23,433,732		23,433,732	
Expenditures								
Current								
Support Services								
Business and Other Support Services	3,691		3,691		3,230		461	
Operation of Noninstructional Services	19,977,129		19,977,129		17,480,635		2,496,494	
Debt Service	400.000		400.000		440.007		40.050	
Principal Retirement	133,260 9,546		133,260 9,546		116,607 8,353		16,653 1,193	
Interest on Long-term Debt Facilities Acquisition	9,540		9,540		62,256		(62,256)	
Total Expenditures	 - 20,123,627		20,123,626		17,671,081		2,452,546	
	 20,120,021		20,120,020		17,071,001		2,102,010	
Excess (Deficiency) of								
Revenues Over Expenditures	(20,123,627)		(20,123,626)		5,762,651		25,886,277	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers Out	 -		-		(1,000,000)		(1,000,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(20,123,627)		(20,123,626)		4,762,651		24,886,277	
ő							, ,	
Fund Balance								
Beginning of Year	(20,241,653)		(20,501,980)		5,069,079		25,571,059	
Increase in Nonspendable for Inventories	 -		-		(560,149)		(560,149)	
End of Year	\$ (40,365,280)	\$	(40,625,606)	\$	9,271,581	\$	49,897,187	
		_		_				

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL STUDENT ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues	<u>۴</u>		¢		<u>۴</u>	2 420	¢	0.400	
Investment Earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,439	\$	2,439	
Miscellaneous		-		-		1,228,149		1,228,149	
Total Revenues		-		-		1,230,588		1,230,588	
Expenditures Current									
Operation of Noninstructional Services		2,979,378		2,979,378		1,121,106		1,858,272	
Total Expenditures		2,979,378		2,979,378		1,121,106		1,858,272	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,979,378)		(2,979,378)		109,482		3,088,860	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers In		-		-		17,184		17,184	
Transfers Out		-		-		(17,184)		(17,184)	
Total Other Finance Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,979,378)		(2,979,378)		109,482		3,088,860	
Fund Balance									
Beginning of Year		(2,979,378)		(2,979,378)		1,761,656		4,741,034	
End of Year	\$	(5,958,756)	\$	(5,958,756)	\$	1,871,138	\$	7,829,894	

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL UNRESTRICTED CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget	
_					
Revenues	•	•	• (= ••= =• (• ·- •• -• ·	
Property Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$ 15,695,501	\$ 15,695,501	
Intergovernmental	-	-	10,800,676	10,800,676	
Investment Earnings	-	-	25,112	25,112	
Other		-	7,255	7,255	
Total Revenues	-	-	26,528,544	26,528,544	
Expenditures					
Current					
Instruction	10,951,423	12,471,513	8,298,816	4,172,697	
Support Services					
Students	914,903	1,041,894	693,299	348,595	
Instructional Staff	1,646,343	1,874,861	1,247,573	627,288	
General Administration	92,413	105,240	70,029	35,211	
School Administration	8,702	9,910	6,594	3,316	
Business and Other Support Services	6,786,359	7,728,326	5,142,596	2,585,730	
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	1,487,129	1,693,547	1,126,923	566,624	
Student Transportation	112,896	128,567	85,551	43,016	
Debt Service					
Principal Retirement	852,133	970,412	645,733	324,679	
Interest on Long-term Debt	21,985	25,037	16,660	8,377	
Facilities Acquisition	9,716,988	11,065,736	7,363,381	3,702,355	
Total Expenditures	32,591,273	37,115,042	24,697,155	12,417,886	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(32,591,273)	(37,115,042)	1,831,389	38,946,431	
Fund Balance					
Beginning of Year	(20,769,703)	(25,318,866)	5,568,987	30,887,853	
End of Year	\$ (53,360,976)	\$ (62,433,908)	\$ 7,400,376	\$ 69,834,284	

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ADJACENT WAYS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Variance with		
	_	Original		Final	 Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues Property Taxes Investment Earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 991,990 6,828	\$	991,990 6,828	
Total Revenues		-		-	 998,818		998,818	
Expenditures Facilities Acquisition		2,000,000		2,000,000	 10,992		1,989,008	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,000,000)		(2,000,000)	987,826		2,987,826	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		(1.000.000)		(1,000,000)	1,177,704		2,177,704	
End of Year	\$	(3,000,000)	\$	(3,000,000)	\$ 2,165,530	\$	5,165,530	

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUILDING RENEWAL GRANT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
	 - 5						
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	-	\$	5,623,970	\$	5,623,970
Expenditures							
Current							
Support Services:							
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	124,688		874,078		297,573		576,505
Facilities Acquisition	2,875,312		20,156,270		6,862,042		13,294,228
Total Expenditures	 3,000,000		21,030,348		7,159,615		13,870,733
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,000,000)		(21,030,348)		(1,535,645)		19,494,703
Fund Balance							
Beginning of Year	(2,000,000)		(18,873,005)		-		18,873,005
End of Year	\$ (5,000,000)	\$	(39,903,353)	\$	(1,535,645)	\$	38,367,708

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ENERGY AND WATER SAVINGS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		Over (Under)		
	 Original		Final	 Actual	Fi	nal Budget	
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 752,185 6,610	\$	752,185	
Investment Earnings Total Revenues	 -		-	 758,795		6,610 758,795	
Expenditures Current Support Services Operations and Maintenance of Plant Debt Service	59,840		61,155	61,159		(4)	
Principal Retirement	1,934,828		1,977,365	1,977,483		(118)	
Interest on Long-term Debt Total Expenditures	 779,490		796,628 2,835,148	 796,675		(47) (169)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (2,774,158)		(2,835,148)	 (2,076,522)		758,626	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In	 -			 2,386,737		2,386,737	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,774,158)		(2,835,148)	310,215		3,145,363	
Fund Balance	(0 774 450)		(0.004.450)	0.450.045		4 004 770	
Beginning of Year	 (2,774,158)		(2,834,158)	 2,150,615		4,984,773	
End of Year	\$ (2,774,158)	\$	(5,669,306)	\$ 2,460,830	\$	8,130,136	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

<u>Employee Benefit Trust</u> – to account for the financial activity associated with the District's self-insurance program.

Workers' Compensation Trust – to account for the financial activity associated with the District's self-insurance program for employee workers' compensation.

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Employee Benefit Trust	Workers' Compensation Trust	Totals		
ASSETS Current Assets:					
Cash and Investments Total Assets	\$ 20,458,848 20,458,848	\$ 8,498,031 8,498,031	\$ 28,956,879 28,956,879		
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Claims Payable	793,802	410,000	1,203,802		
Noncurrent Liabilities Claims Payable	3,099,384	1,905,809	5,005,193		
Total Liabilities	3,893,186	2,315,809	6,208,995		
NET POSITION Unrestricted Total Net Position	<u> </u>	6,182,222 \$ 6,182,222	22,747,884 \$ 22,747,884		

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Employee enefit Trust	Workers' mpensation Trust	Totals		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Contributions	\$ 33,490,443	\$ 3,595,697	\$	37,086,140	
Miscellaneous	 4,027,553	 930,000		4,957,553	
Total Operating Revenues	37,517,996	4,525,697		42,043,693	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Claims	31,987,774	505,521		32,493,295	
Premiums	740,626	1,898,315		2,638,941	
Administrative Fees	1,720,324	79,053		1,799,377	
Other	326,689	597,192		923,881	
Total Operating Expenses	 34,775,413	3,080,081		37,855,494	
Operating Income	2,742,583	1,445,616		4,188,199	
NONOPERATING REVENUES					
Investment Earnings (Loss)	(234,933)	14,475		(220,458)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues	 (234,933)	 14,475		(220,458)	
Change in Net Position	 2,507,650	 1,460,091		3,967,741	
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	 14,058,012	 4,722,131		18,780,143	
TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 16,565,662	\$ 6,182,222	\$	22,747,884	

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Workers' Employee Compensation Benefit Trust Trust Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash Received from Users	\$ 33,512,278 \$ 3,658,101 \$ 37,170,379
Cash Received from Other Sources	4,027,553 930,000 4,957,553
Payments to Suppliers	(1,923,983) (615,966) (2,539,949)
Payments to Employees	(123,030) (60,279) (183,309)
Payments for Claims and Premiums	(33,310,944) (1,806,858) (35,117,802)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	2,181,874 2,104,998 4,286,872
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment Income (Loss)	(234,933) 14,475 (220,458)
	(204,300)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,946,941 2,119,473 4,066,414
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year	18,511,907 6,378,558 24,890,465
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 20,458,848</u> <u>\$ 8,498,031</u> <u>\$ 28,956,879</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$ 2,742,583 \$ 1,445,616 \$ 4,188,199
Effect of Changes in Assets/Liabilities: Other Receivable Claims Payable Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	21,83562,40484,239(582,544)596,97814,434\$ 2,181,874\$ 2,104,998\$ 4,286,872

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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STATISTICAL SECTION

The statistical section presents financial statement trends as well as detailed financial and operational information not available elsewhere in the report. The statistical section is intended to enhance the reader's understanding of the information presented in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and other supplementary information presented in this report. The statistical section is comprised of the five categories of statistical information presented below.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain information on financial trends to help the reader understand how the District's financial position and financial activities have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the District's ability to generate revenue.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader evaluate the District's current levels of outstanding debt as well as assess the District's ability to make debt payments and/or issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules present various demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment in which the District's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons with other school districts.

Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the District's operations and various resources to help the reader draw conclusions as to how the District's financial information relates to the services provided by the District.

Note: For locally assessed property (i.e., excluding mines, utilities, etc.) Proposition 117, approved by voters in 2012, amended the Arizona Constitution to require that all property taxes after fiscal year 2014-15 be based upon property values limited to 5% in annual growth. The aggregate assessed value of all taxable properties within a taxing jurisdiction (i.e., after applying assessment ratios based on the use of a property), including property values with a growth limit, is currently referred to as net limited assessed value, and formerly as primary assessed value. In accordance with Proposition 117, this value is used for all taxing purposes beginning fiscal year 2015-16. Aggregate assessed value without a growth limit is currently referred to as net full cash assessed value and formerly as secondary assessed value. This remains the value utilized for determining debt capacity limits.

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TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

		Fis	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	30	
NET POSITION	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	<pre>\$ 501,423,914 69,842,910 (260,575,957)</pre>	<pre>\$ 431,989,628 49,820,194 (239,610,013)</pre>	<pre>\$ 476,660,935 41,374,730 (316,557,834)</pre>	<pre>\$ 478,308,459 41,215,782 (316,693,248)</pre>	<pre>\$ 474,298,602 46,305,323 (332,374,038)</pre>
Total Net Position	\$ 310,690,867	\$ 242,199,809	\$ 201,477,831	\$ 202,830,993	\$ 188,229,887
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	<pre>\$ 480,205,341 39,771,519 (341,600,591)</pre>	<pre>\$ 485,420,031 47,868,859 (369,873,406)</pre>	<pre>\$ 483,557,940 51,883,159 (401,875,725)</pre>	<pre>\$ 478,823,950 36,973,962 57,072,295</pre>	\$ 478,208,141 38,076,040 39,993,726
Total Net Position	\$ 178,376,269	\$ 163,415,484	\$ 133,565,374	\$ 572,870,207	\$ 556,277,907

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records. Note: The reduction in net position during fiscal vear 2014-15 is due to

The reduction in net position during fiscal year 2014-15 is due to the implementation of the pension standards.

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 EXPENSES, PROGRAM REVENUES, AND NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

\$ (330,586,141) 43,684,486 50,176,140 23,294,896 25,053,753 96,245,664 14,884,336 225,916,641 68,096,204 445,470,477 7,807,589 4,080,884 2,813,622 9,248,357 3.936.577 2018 ഗ \$ (331,888,448) 49,976,936 22,126,862 452,759,340 10,251,006 4,210,819 99,743,644 39,072,525 234,491,292 69,279,661 28,768,667 9,043,397 2,615,677 4.049.746 120,870,892 2019 ഗ Fiscal Year Ended June 30 \$ (367,140,673) 259,941,068 55,813,248 22,620,379 23,647,029 2,239,943 100,282,568 73,940,845 6,518,805 8,029,659 16,154,858 4,079,437 40,814,157 483,295,531 1,523,251 2020 ഗ \$ (315,858,099) 74,676,328 16,874,014 18,770,717 471,095,179 5,983,899 1,209,193 3,281,587 134,520,989 10.241.412 42,869,234 4,657,824 254,769,001 58,478,061 155,237,080 2021 ŝ 3,981,426 518,090,267 \$ (307,283,961) 286,371,418 24,822,279 5,960,316 2,192,956 2,575,118 194,453,946 83,090,999 58,210,084 17,975,571 210,806,306 43,638,490 5.623.970 2022 ഗ **Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services Operation of Noninstructional Services Operation of Noninstructional Services** Support Services - Students and Staff **Operating Grants and Contributions** Support Services - Administration Capital Grants and Contributions Student Transportation Services Total Program Revenues Interest on Long-Term Debt **NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE PROGRAM REVENUES** Charges for Services: Total Expenses Other Activities Instruction Instruction EXPENSES

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
EXPENSES					
Instruction	\$ 219,854,828	\$ 206,973,703	\$ 203,639,013	\$ 213,899,377	\$ 224,302,136
Support Services - Students and Staff	61,436,186	60,250,541	58,847,288	64,945,835	69,035,667
Support Services - Administration	44,826,243	41,637,711	42,670,490	42,732,507	44,610,584
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services	49,036,681	49,688,066	51,097,685	49,866,704	55,716,491
Student Transportation Services	23,769,388	24,277,391	24,594,918	25,895,104	26,338,473
Operation of Noninstructional Services	25,771,350	24,028,856	24,786,616	22,647,923	21,534,017
Interest on Long-Term Debt	8,400,732	10,932,855	11,501,715	11,640,250	13,064,629
Total Expenses	433,095,408	417,789,123	417,137,725	431,627,700	454,601,997
PROGRAM REVENUES					
Charges for Services:					
Instruction	8,329,005	8,055,467	7,212,949	5,875,912	5,706,176
Operation of Noninstructional Services	4,314,144	2,776,552	3,436,318	3,395,327	3,110,765
Other Activities	1,251,279	1,129,835	1,342,188	1,023,287	604,562
Operating Grants and Contributions	67,852,542	64,212,609	62,655,672	64,756,379	70,030,026
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,434,548	2,441,185	4,430,655	6,645,889	3,735,347
Total Program Revenues	86,181,518	78,615,648	79,077,782	81,696,794	83,186,876
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE	\$ (346,913,890)	\$ (339,173,475)	\$ (338,059,943)	\$ (349,930,906)	\$ (371,415,121)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 GENERAL REVENUES AND TOTAL CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

		Fis	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	30	
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE	\$ (307,283,961)	\$ (315,858,099)	\$ (367,140,673)	\$ (331,888,448)	\$ (330,586,141)
GENERAL REVENUE Taxes:					
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	171,115,165	164,213,485	163,899,217	160,770,544	153,807,195
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	17,555,139	17,192,483	17,359,733	17,187,375	17,387,891
Property Taxes, Levied for Capital Outlay	16,687,491	10,818,042	4,725,459	2,868,779	6,742,815
Investment Income	(67,131)	888,750	2,523,367	4,013,361	1,601,949
Unrestricted County Aid	12,091,888	12,830,248	12,538,508	12,775,192	12,452,655
Unrestricted State Aid	149,710,364	143,617,159	159,407,085	142,760,977	143,249,793
Unrestricted Federal Aid	5,665,941	5,240,801	4,605,900	4,867,479	3,637,985
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		(1,456,286)	61,408	302,331	717,066
Other	3,016,162	1,441,938	666,834	943,516	842,410
Total General Revenue	375,775,019	354,786,620	365,787,511	346,489,554	340,439,759
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 68,491,058	\$ 38,928,521	\$ (1,353,162)	\$ 14,601,106	\$ 9,853,618

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

		Fis	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	30	
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE	\$ (346,913,890)	\$ (339,173,475)	\$ (338,059,943)	\$ (349,930,906)	\$ (371,415,121)
GENERAL REVENUE Taxes:					
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	157,829,310	141,731,194	142,745,273	151,093,018	164,258,242
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	22,861,124	24,614,671	21,151,962	42,704,992	39,875,831
Property Taxes, Levied for Capital Outlay		13,925,324	18,421,667	2,782,396	6,463,393
Investment Income	620,166	557,570	530,244	352,847	740,367
Unrestricted County Aid	12,876,806	13,151,610	13,033,210	14,097,314	14,372,495
Unrestricted State Aid	163,180,636	171,211,671	164,102,726	152,463,686	146,611,426
Unrestricted Federal Aid	4,506,633	3,831,545	2,158,284	3,028,953	2,699,805
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		•			
Other					
Total General Revenue	361,874,675	369,023,585	362,143,366	366,523,206	375,021,559
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 14,960,785	\$ 29,850,110	\$ 24,083,423	\$ 16,592,300	\$ 3,606,438

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

				1	Fiscal Year		
	_	2022	 2021		2020	 2019	 2018
General Fund Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned	\$	2,779,614 2,094,387 48,669,997	\$ 3,041,773 3,309,506 45,167,173	\$	1,268,988 5,406,127 25,880,765	\$ 1,217,547 9,227,912 10,707,882	\$ 1,357,985 10,490,744 18,160,003
Total General Fund	\$	53,543,998	\$ 51,518,452	\$	32,555,880	\$ 21,153,341	\$ 30,008,732
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	\$	1,415,101 59,435,974 - (1,535,645)	\$ 1,970,100 46,358,474 - -	\$	1,516,115 30,859,024 - (4,747,643)	\$ 953,075 83,167,094 - -	\$ 1,004,339 86,101,759 - -
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	59,315,430	\$ 48,328,574	\$	27,627,496	\$ 84,120,169	\$ 87,106,098

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

				ł	Fiscal Year			
	2017		2016		2015		2014	 2013
\$	1,762,249	\$	1,532,880	\$	1,568,190	\$	1,401,642	\$ 1,354,618
Ť	23,310,670	·	30,871,023	·	27,952,038	·	30,539,900	 31,111,961
\$	25,072,919	\$	32,403,903	\$	29,520,228	\$	31,941,542	\$ 32,466,579
\$	485,008 37,499,375 4,925,981 (167,967)	\$	643,318 44,700,979 2,419,323 (201,445)	\$	777,502 47,643,989 1,039,083 (23,760)	\$	928,999 33,487,783 910,868 (2,825,169)	\$ 1,203,182 47,338,139 747,383 (32,372)
\$	42,742,397	\$	47,562,175	\$	49,436,814	\$	32,502,481	\$ 49,256,332

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

			Fiscal Year		
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Federal Sources	¢ 124.070.402	¢ 04 665 407	¢ 50 504 005	¢	¢ 51 100 205
Federal Grants Education Jobs	\$ 134,979,193 -	\$ 94,665,127 -	\$ 58,524,285	\$ 55,232,554	\$ 51,122,305 -
Impact Aid	708,402	1,134,933	674,968	1,462,306	559,516
National School Lunch Program	23,173,807	16,570,430	16,110,531	17,348,341	17,115,645
Interest Subsidy	752,185	830,978	908,930	1,019,837	1,134,580
Total Federal Sources	159,613,587	113,201,468	76,218,714	75,063,038	69,932,046
State Sources					
State Equalization Assistance	149,710,364	143,617,159	159,407,085	142,760,977	143,249,793
State Grants	315,622	274,719	567,225	661,026	3,038,640
School Facilities Board	5,623,970	10,241,412	1,523,251	4,049,746	3,936,577
Other Revenues	36,967,735	23,917,792	24,553,701	24,653,833	23,251,337
Total State Sources	192,617,691	178,051,082	186,051,262	172,125,582	173,476,347
Local Sources					
Property Taxes	200,092,700	189,810,031	184,383,619	180,195,987	177,301,481
County Aid	12,091,888	12,830,248	12,538,508	12,775,192	12,452,655
Food Service Sales	244,388	263,017	2,604,869	2,844,784	2,638,612
Investment Income	153,327	731,565	1,952,441	3,525,260	1,529,259
Other Revenues	7,081,677	14,478,412	15,974,832	19,084,460	16,567,519
Total Local Sources	219,663,980	218,113,273	217,454,269	218,425,683	210,489,526
Total Revenues	571,895,258	509,365,823	479,724,245	465,614,303	453,897,919
Expenditures					
Current Instruction	285,061,022	232,695,799	231,263,517	224,894,362	215,541,714
Support Services	200,001,022	202,000,100	201,200,011	22 1,00 1,002	2.0,0.1,1.1
Students and Staff	86,441,025	74,004,718	72,651,487	73,853,829	71,953,557
Administration Operation and Maintenance of Plant	47,043,026 59,732,750	42,004,995 57,515,458	40,842,176 54,251,356	40,659,752 50,731,964	44,276,474 51,464,117
Student Transportation	25,183,576	15,040,237	20,607,466	27,760,076	25,395,575
Operation of Noninstructional Services	25,089,817	19,612,023	23,372,477	26,324,824	26,160,227
Debt Service	15 004 000	44.074.000	00 004 505	10.040.000	17 110 071
Principal Retirement Interest on Long-Term Debt	15,004,823 5,413,438	14,074,822 6,089,838	62,381,585 13,402,011	13,849,839 10,475,411	17,412,074 9,967,726
Issuance Costs	-	-	-	-	425,740
Capital Outlay	18,563,730	13,420,256	6,718,193	9,582,324	7,895,688
Total Expenditures	567,533,207	474,458,146	525,490,268	478,132,381	470,492,892
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Issuance of Refunding Debt	-	-	-	-	48,520,000
Payment to Refunded Debt Escrow Agent Issuance of Capital Leases	-	-	-	- 566,129	- 3,149,507
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	-	735,746	61,408	302,331	7,224,196
Premium on Sale of Bonds	-	-	-	-	6,885,717
Transfers In Transfers Out	4,909,146	5,578,049	4,829,262	2,606,530	5,843,892
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,909,146)	<u>(5,578,049)</u> 735,746	(4,829,262) 61,408	(2,606,530) 868,460	<u>(5,843,892)</u> 65,779,420
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 4,362,051	\$ 35,643,423	\$ (45,704,615)	\$ (11,649,618)	\$ 49,184,447
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	3.80%	4.39%	14.65%	5.25%	5.82%

Source: District's financial records

			Fiscal Year					
 2017	 2016		2015		2014		2013	
\$ 48,067,680	\$ 44,769,017	\$	42,860,201	\$	49,697,352	\$	51,441,832	
1,273,114	966,667		728,590		676,045		1,206,125	
19,377,148 2,973,687	17,705,168 1,853,469		18,181,402 2,365,903		18,011,161 1,257,444		17,567,092 1,296,061	
 71,691,629	 65,294,321		64,136,096		69,642,002		71,511,110	
142,748,905	147,561,816		143,771,604		132,185,366		128,594,364	
480,624	796,650		548,195		997,741		1,838,710	
730,985	523,629		726,400		-		-	
 21,038,252	 23,043,329		20,331,122		20,277,532		17,285,416	
 164,998,766	 171,925,424		165,377,321		153,460,639		147,718,490	
180,359,530	179,330,981		184,034,798		195,388,011		209,545,368	
12,876,806	13,151,610		13,033,210		14,097,314		14,372,495	
2,415,246	1,400,598		1,909,739		2,003,028		2,200,959	
391,230	280,587		164,796		187,195		421,413	
16,365,205	15,182,965		14,242,254		12,882,717		11,731,552	
 212,408,017	 209,346,741		213,384,797		224,558,265		238,271,787	
 449,098,412	 446,566,486		442,898,214		447,660,906		457,501,387	
206,083,290	184,171,606		179,021,232		182,170,194		200,508,623	
65,080,307	62,254,885		59,835,214		62,928,162		68,401,474	
46,887,015	42,556,971		42,079,368		40,912,970		42,935,792	
50,490,660	49,925,794		51,388,778		49,228,361		55,277,056	
22,374,249 26,422,667	22,123,760 24,575,643	22,151,830 24,817,964			22,626,196 22,569,839	23,676,242 21,348,952		
	,,					21,340,932		
21,157,816 9,258,936	23,785,413 11,071,732		22,786,648 11,740,160		47,239,231 11,720,671		40,583,291 13,086,907	
9,230,930			-		-		- 13,000,907	
 16,552,132	26,349,041		46,900,850		45,330,412		57,417,569	
 464,307,072	 446,814,845		460,722,044		484,726,036		523,235,906	
63,000,000	-		-		-		-	
(74,611,042)	-		- 32,321,798		- 19,425,678		- 3,273,496	
2,838,216	- 1,426,879		-				48,617	
12,203,632 15,471,949	- 5,167,740		- 1,752,693		- 6,777,058		- 3,273,496	
(15,471,949)	(5,167,740)		(1,752,693)		(6,777,058)		(3,273,496)	
 3,430,806	 1,426,879		32,321,798	_	19,425,678		3,322,113	
\$ (11,777,854)	\$ 1,178,520	\$	14,497,968	\$	(17,639,452)	\$	(62,412,406)	
6.55%	7.80%		7.49%		12.16%		10.26%	

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 NET LIMITED ASSESSED VALUE AND FULL CASH VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY BY CLASS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

NET LIMITED ASSESSED VALUE BY PROPERTY CLASS

Total	3,761,018,261	3,569,498,986	3,428,093,128	3,304,883,937	3,215,767,737	3,081,169,583	3,025,594,745	3,001,654,186	3,002,397,412	3,215,914,415
Government Property Improvements	\$ 			4,278	4,197		6,464	6,156	19,506	20,701
Historical Propertv	3 43,542,011	41,124,635	38,655,938	36,914,026	34,881,981	33,455,272	30,975,434	30,462,610	28,785,354	28,965,566
Railroad and Airlines	2,603,578	2,393,548	2,526,672	2,560,348	2,685,155	2,528,033	2,699,156	2,663,090	2,363,569	2,303,761
Lease or Rented Residential	828,566,284 \$	780,660,310	707,399,543	688,786,655	675,985,879	656,086,204	641,672,375	594,632,374	499,869,993	507,897,672
Primary Residential Propertv	1,695,738,268 \$	1,619,604,668	1,562,355,446	1,471,227,593	1,390,537,836	1,328,794,436	1,268,030,829	1,251,339,919	1,336,979,464	1,477,013,301
Agriculture and Vacant	83,925,149 \$								114,927,549	118,498,381
Mines, Utilities and Commercial	1,106,642,971 \$	1,051,163,056	1,036,683,865	1,019,483,813	1,034,126,227	965,433,532	976,879,689	1,010,697,174	1,019,451,977	1,081,215,033
Fiscal Year	2021-22 \$	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13

FULL CASH VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY BY CLASS

		Total	3 4,308,913,329	4,085,903,324	3,875,260,059	3,658,969,211	3,431,441,710	3,289,672,158	3, 146,626,308	3,028,698,794	3,029,356,410	3,264,316,779
Certain Government	Property	Improvements	•			4,278	4,213		9,746	6,156	19,506	21,389
	Historical	Property	48,901,307	47,056,262	43,957,798	39,352,702	36,589,056	35,707,258	31,954,759	30,607,284	29,656,219	30,404,234
Railroad	and	Airlines	3,373,120 \$	3,027,988	3,120,706	3,085,228	3,127,378	2,705,166	2,750,284	2,688,000	2,385,858	2,347,426
Lease or	Rented	Residential	1,031,542,099 \$	952,165,569	858,092,105	817,052,172	758,174,083	717,687,648	672,444,407	601,425,570	503,614,469	512,387,222
Primary	Residential	Property	1,891,046,445 \$	1,822,449,820	1,740,617,423	1,566,819,236	1,461,545,958	1,429,214,902	1,318,079,541	1,254,450,188	1,337,932,939	1,478,192,168
	Agriculture	and Vacant	103,787,413 \$	90,662,790	91,497,804	96,559,030	81,395,327	97,700,856	108,813,131	114,157,316	119,316,810	126,790,265
Mines,	Utilities and	Commercial	\$ 1,230,262,945 \$	1,170,540,895	1,137,974,223	1,136,096,565	1,090,605,695	1,006,656,328	1,012,574,440	1,025,364,280	1,036,430,609	1,114,174,075
	Fiscal	Year	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13

Note: Assessed valuation amounts were obtained from the Arizona Department of Revenue Abstract of the Assessment Roll.

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 PROPERTY TAX ASSESSMENT RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2014	20%	16	10	10 10	15
2015	19%	16	10	10	16
2016	19%	16	10	10	15
2017	18%	15	10	10	14
2018	18%	15	10	10	15
2019	18%	15	10	10	15
2020	18%	15	10	10	15
2021	18%	15	10	10	15
2022	18%	15	10	10	15
Property Classification (a)	Mining, Utilities, Commercial and Industrial	Agriculture and Vacant Land	Primary Residential Property	Leased or Rented Residential	Railroads, Private Rail Cars, and Airlines
	01	02.R/P	03	04	05

Note: Assessed valuation amounts were obtained from the Arizona Department of Revenue Abstract of the Assessment Roll.

(a) Additional classes of property exist, but seldom amount to a significant portion of a municipal body's total valuation.

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Total	32	44	51	34	7.12	92	55	33	12	10
ites	To	7.5	7.4	7.5	7.2	7.	6.1	6.	.9	9	6.
District Direct Rates	Secondary	1.24	1.43	0.71	0.82	0.74	0.55	2.45	2.37	2.26	2.15
	Primary	6.08	6.01	6.80	6.52	6.38	6.38	4.10	3.96	3.86	3.95
	City of South Tucson	2.76	2.98	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.25	0.24
	City of Tucson	1.26	1.43	1.46	1.60	1.60	1.43	1.48	1.38	1.36	1.31
	Central Arizona Water	0.10	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14
(0)	Fire District Assistance	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
Overlapping Rates	Community College District	1.17	1.29	1.33	1.37	1.37	1.39	1.40	1.38	1.34	1.27
0	Flood Control District	0.26	0.26	0.30	0.31	0.33	0.31	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33
	County Free Library	0.35	0.38	0.44	0.52	0.52	0.51	0.52	0.54	0.54	0.54
	Total County	4.20	4.45	4.98	5.09	4.98	4.46	4.07	4.00	3.92	3.88
	State Equalization	0.00	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.50	0.49	0.47	0.46	0.44	0.43
	Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

Source: State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue.

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS PRIOR

			2022		2013					
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Taxable Assessed Value		
Unisource Energy Corporation	\$	89,165,957	1	2.07%	\$	58,732,067	1	1.80%		
Southwest Gas Corporation		49,316,163	2	1.14		16,724,373	3	0.51		
SMSJ Holdings LLC		25,806,567	3	0.60						
TMC Holdings Inc		18,520,515	4	0.43						
Qwest Corporation (Century Link)		16,445,435	5	0.38		22,679,648	2	0.69		
Wal-Mart Stores		11,663,084	6	0.27		8,293,279	7	0.25		
3800 WSPB Buyer LLC		11,340,278	7	0.26						
TKG EI Con Shopping Center		9,257,407	8	0.21		6,902,582	8	0.21		
Marshall Foundation		9,163,991	9	0.21						
Cox Communications AZ LLC		8,697,199	10	0.20						
Starr Pass Resort Development LLC						12,644,106	4	0.39		
WC Partner Et AI (Williams Center)						8,947,625	5	0.27		
Verizon Wireless						8,408,401	6	0.26		
Park Place (Park Mall) Shopping Center						6,709,731	9	0.21		
Hub Properties Trust						5,031,000	10	0.15		
Totals	\$	249,376,596		5.79	\$	155,072,812		4.75		

Source: Pima County Assessors Records

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

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Outstanding Collections as a	Percentage	of Levy	0.38	0.43	0.47	0.40	0.52	0.45	0.43	0.63	1.15	4.04
	Outstanding	Tax Collections	\$ 792,033	846,812	862,859	719,076	914,123	765,604	757,943	1,141,008	2,148,595	8,039,331
Collections as a	Percentage	of the Levy	99.62	99.57	99.53	99.60	99.64	99.55	99.57	99.37	98.85	95.96
	Total	Collections	\$ 210,390,876	196,144,596	181,594,686	179,798,131	174,105,056	171,077,279	176,456,530	178,816,356	184,121,097	190,712,610
	Delinquent Tax	Collections (1)	\$ 8,527,167	7,897,903	7,047,436	7,100,865	4,434,256	4,316,008	4,646,834	2,799,000	2,379,279	
Percent of Current	Taxes	Collected	95.59	95.56	95.66	95.67	96.94	97.04	96.95	97.81	97.57	95.96
	Current Tax	Collections (1)	\$ 201,863,709	188,246,693	174,547,250	172,697,266	169,670,800	166,761,271	171,809,696	176,017,356	181,741,818	190,712,610
	Total Tax Levy	(1)	\$ 211,182,909	196,991,408	182,457,545	180,517,207	175,019,179	171,842,883	177,214,473	179,957,364	186,269,692	198,751,941
	Fiscal	Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

Source: County Treasurer & District records

Note 1: Unsecured personal property taxes are not included in this schedule.
TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

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Outstanding Collections as a Outstanding Percentage Tax Collections of Levy	792,033 0.38	846,812 0.43	862,859 0.47	19,076 0.40	914,123 0.52	765,604 0.45	757,943 0.43	,141,008 0.63	,,148,595 1.15	3,039,331 4.04
Outsta Tax Col	\$	ω	ω	2	0)	2	2	1,1	2,1	8,0
Collections as a Percentage of the Levy	99.62	99.57	99.53	09.60	99.64	99.55	99.57	99.37	98.85	95.96
Total Collections	\$ 210,390,876	196,144,596	181,594,686	179,798,131	174,105,056	171,077,279	176,456,530	178,816,356	184,121,097	190,712,610
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	\$ 8,527,167	7,897,903	7,047,436	7,100,865	4,434,256	4,316,008	4,646,834	2,799,000	2,379,279	
Percent of Current Taxes Collected	95.59	95.56	95.66	95.67	96.94	97.04	96.95	97.81	97.57	95.96
Current Tax Collections (1)	\$ 201,863,709	188,246,693	174,547,250	172,697,266	169,670,800	166,761,271	171,809,696	176,017,356	181,741,818	190,712,610
Total Tax Levy (1)	\$ 211,182,909	196,991,408	182,457,545	180,517,207	175,019,179	171,842,883	177,214,473	179,957,364	186,269,692	198,751,941
Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

Source: County Treasurer & District records

Note 1: Unsecured personal property taxes are not included in this schedule.

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Debt Per Capita	473	367	347	323	295	363	338	207	202	152
	Contraction	÷									
	Population	478,102	533,796	531,481	528,706	533,023	537,566	543,505	546,576	549,016	546,061
	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to the Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	0.72	0.65	0.60	0.53	0.46	0.56	0.50	0.29	0.27	0.19
S	Total Primary Government	\$ 225,970,303	195,664,692	184,680,239	170,736,398	157,007,314	195,033,314	183,860,691	113,395,322	111,078,260	83,131,008
Governmental Activities	Less: Amounts Restricted for Principal	\$ (16,538,166)	(9,582,846)	(5, 384, 563)	(3,760,236)	(6,258,790)	(11,042,670)	(9,002,551)	(11,893,986)	(14,211,048)	(15,649,010)
Ö	General Obligation Bonds	\$ 242,508,469	205,247,538	190,064,802	174,496,634	163,266,104	206,075,984	192,863,242	125,289,308	125,289,308	98,780,018
	Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

Source: The District financial records for long-term debt information. The source of the estimated district population is University of Arizona Eller College.

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TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2022

Governmental Unit	Outstanding Debt	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	 mated Share of erlapping Debt
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes Pima County City of Tucson	\$ 93,615,000 110,905,000	38.79 % 94.91	\$ 36,311,386 105,263,263
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			141,574,648
Tucson Unified School District No. 1	115,480,934		 115,480,934
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 257,055,582

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL BONDED DEBT RATIOS

Net Direct General Obligation Bonded Debt As a Percentage of Net Limited Assessed Valuation	2.33%
Net Direct and Overlapping General Bonded Debt Per Capita As a Percentage of Net Limited Assessed Valuation As a Percentage of Gross Full Cash Value	\$ 471 7.20% 0.59%

Source: District's records, State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue, and the applicable governmental unit.

(1) Estimated percentage of debt outstanding applicable to the District is calculated based on a portion of the District's net limited assessed valuation as a percentage of the net limited assessed valuation of the overlapping jurisdiction. THIS PAGE BLANK

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 CALCULATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN JUNE 30, 2022

Net Full Cash Assessed Value		\$ 4,308,913,329
Legal Debt Margin:		
General Obligation Bonds Debt Limitation - 30% of Assessed Value		1,292,673,999
		1,292,073,999
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit: General Obligation and Refunding Bonds Outstanding Less: Assets in Debt Service Fund Available for Payment of Principal	\$ 88,340,000 (10,420,145)	
Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit		77,919,855
Legal Debt Margin		\$ 1,214,754,144
Class B General Obligation Bonds Debt Limitation - the greater of 20% of the net full cash assessed valuation or \$1,500 per student (ADM) 20% of secondary net assessed valuation \$1,500 per student (ADM) (\$1,500 * 39,293)		\$ 861,782,665 59,002,500
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit: General Obligation and Refunding Bonds Outstanding Less: Assets in Debt Service Fund Available for Payment of Principal	\$ 88,340,000 (10,420,145)	
Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit		 77,919,855
Legal Debt Margin		\$ 783,862,810

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Fiscal Year		
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Class A and B Bonded Debt Debt Limit	\$ 1,292,673,999	\$ 1,225,770,997	\$ 1,162,578,018	\$ 1,097,690,763	\$ 1,029,432,513
Total Applicable to Limit	77,919,855	90,184,854	107,009,008	113,798,957	124,823,499
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 1,214,754,144	\$ 1,135,586,143	\$ 1,055,569,010	\$ 983,891,806	\$ 904,609,014
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	6.03%	7.36%	9.20%	10.37%	12.13%
			Fiscal Year		
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Class B Bonded Debt Debt Limit	\$ 861,782,665	\$ 817,180,664	\$ 775,052,011	\$ 731,793,842	\$ 686,288,342
Total Applicable to Limit	77,919,855	90,184,854	107,009,008	113,798,957	124,823,499
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 783,862,810	\$ 726,995,810	\$ 668,043,003	\$ 617,994,885	\$ 561,464,843
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of the Debt Limit					

Source: The District's financial records for long-term debt.

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)

		Fiscal Year		
 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 986,901,647	\$ 943,987,892	\$ 908,609,638	\$ 908,806,923	\$ 979,295,034
 148,185,000	 168,855,000	 183,665,000	197,970,000	 235,045,000
\$ 838,716,647	\$ 775,132,892	\$ 724,944,638	\$ 710,836,923	\$ 744,250,034
15.02%	17.89%	20.21%	21.78%	24.00%
		Fiscal Year		
 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 657,934,432	\$ 629,325,262	\$ 605,739,759	\$ 302,935,641	\$ 326,431,678
 148,185,000	 168,855,000	 183,665,000	 197,970,000	 235,045,000
\$ 509,749,432	\$ 460,470,262	\$ 422,074,759	\$ 104,965,641	\$ 91,386,678

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 COUNTY-WIDE DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Estimated District Population	onal Income (in Thousands)	Р	er Capita ersonal ncome	Unemployment Rate	County Population
2013	478,102	\$ 17,728,974	\$	37,082	7.00	996,046
2014	533,796	20,153,303		37,755	6.40	1,007,162
2015	531,481	20,335,120		38,261	5.60	1,022,079
2016	528,706	20,986,836		39,695	5.00	1,016,743
2017	533,023	21,501,766		40,339	4.50	1,025,044
2018	537,566	22,475,960		41,811	4.30	1,033,781
2019	543,505	23,930,525		44,030	5.20	1,034,201
2020	546,576	24,845,159		45,456	8.00	1,044,675
2021	549,016	26,557,551		48,373	7.30	1,052,375
2022	546,061	25,003,587		45,789	3.90	1,058,318

Sources:

The source of the "Personal Income" and "Per Capita" information is the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

The source of the "Population" and "Unemployment Rate" for 2012 through 2019 is the Arizona Office of Employment and Population

Statistics, aka Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity, for 2020 through 2022 US Bureau of Labor Statistics

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS PRIOR

	20	022	20	13
Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total Employment - 487,089	Employees	Percentage of Total Employment 449,097
University of Arizona	14,160	2.91 %	10,846	2.23 %
Raytheon	13,201	2.71	10,300	2.29
Baner Healthcare-UMC	7,831	1.61	6,099	1.36
Tucson Unified School District	7,703	1.58	6,790	1.51
Pima County Government	7,412	1.52	6,076	1.35
Davis Monthan	6,532	1.34	9,100	2.03
State of Arizona	5,488	1.13	8,807	1.96
Wal-Mart Stores	4,676	0.96	7,450	1.66
Tucson Medical Center	4,530	0.93		-
City of Tucson	4,453	0.91		-
US Border Patrol			6,500	1.45
Freeport-McMoran Mining			5,463	1.22
Total	75,986	15.60	66,585	17.06

Source: The source of this information is the Arizona Daily Star - Star 200 and Bureau of Labor Statistics.

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Full Time Equivalent Employees					
Function	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018		
Instruction	3,319	3,294	3,452	3,449	3,312		
Support Services - Students and Staff	1,006	977	981	924	890		
Support Services - Administration	414	396	420	463	462		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services	629	640	555	651	656		
Student Transportation Services	283	333	467	388	396		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	241	272	306	295	310		
Total	5,892	5,912	6,181	6,170	6,026		

Source: The District's Human Resources Department and Business and Finance Department. Note 1: This data includes both vacant and filled positions.

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)

	Full-Time	Equivalent Em	oloyees	
2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
3,163	3,050	3,194	3,169	3,443
834	676	762	655	684
1,019	987	902	913	992
425	412	396	391	475
351	321	312	321	375
174	198	185	189	181
5,966	5,644	5,751	5,638	6,150

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Enrollment (3)	Maintenance and Operating Expenditures (2)		Cost per Pupil		Percentage Change	Teaching Staff (1)	Pupil- Teacher Ratio	Percentage of Free/Reduced Students
2013	48,342	\$	412,148,139	\$	8,526	(0.47)	3,443	14.04	72.0
2014	46,597		380,435,722		8,164	(4.24)	3,169	14.70	73.0
2015	45,802		379,294,386		8,281	1.43	3,194	14.34	74.9
2016	45,870		385,608,659		8,407	1.51	3,050	15.04	75.0
2017	44,560		417,338,188		9,366	11.41	3,163	14.09	71.0
2018	43,835		420,928,797		9,603	2.53	3,176	13.80	67.6
2019	42,484		432,714,635		10,185	6.07	2,842	14.95	63.9
2020	42,060		430,239,235		10,229	0.43	2,825	14.89	70.3
2021	39,293		442,543,184		11,263	10.10	2,742	14.33	52.9
2022	39,335		478,958,038		12,176	18.55	2,737	14.37	66.1

Source: The District's Finance Department.

(1) Teacher Staff (FTE) includes all teaching positions filled and vacant.

(2) Includes expenditures of all funds except Debt Service and Capital Outlay.

(3) Enrollment is based on 100th day figures.

TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 CAPITAL ASSETS INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

410,510 519 22,619 12,816 21,575 31,600 20,850 118 14,404 675 174 14 325 2,750,849 126 3,411,819 60 1,823,702 94 453,143 2013 519 2,750,849 31,600 22,619 118 3,411,819 21,575 14,404 126 1,823,702 91 443,496 94 453,143 675 174 20,850 12,816 14 350 2014 519 2,750,849 3,411,819 21,575 93 428,082 65 174 14 341 31,600 22,619 20,850 12,816 14,404 126 91 460,301 ∽ 30 0 0 1,823,702 118 2015 118 3,411,819 21,575 31,600 675 174 519 2,750,819 22,095 126 20,850 10,152 14,214 91 460,301 559,201 14 318 1,823,702 92 2016 118 3,411,819 21,575 21,543 104 506,841 20,850 14,253 675 174 14 323 493 2,557,066 26,220 126 823,702 10,067 91 460,301 2017 Fiscal Year _ 104 506,841 675 174 3,411,819 21,575 20,479 14,088 2,447,043 125 1,732,852 17,125 10,004 118 91 460,301 341 34 490 28,950 2018 3,411,819 21,575 14,166 104 506,841 675 174 ,447,043 28,950 21,366 125 1,732,852 17,125 10,023 14 341 ၁၂၀၀၀ 118 91 460,301 490 2019 N. 3,411,819 21,575 13,760 104 506,841 675 383 92 484,196 14 341 7 30 0 0 28,950 18,132 17,125 9,495 2,447,043 126 1,825,448 119 490 2020 119 3,411,819 21,575 126 1,825,448 93 523,366 28,950 18,167 17,125 9,209 14,143 104 506,841 675 364 23000 489 2,393,676 14 341 2021 3,411,819 21,575 126 1,825,448 341 34 5 30 0 0 17,125 8,797 119 93 523,366 489 2,393,676 28,950 18,031 13,931 104 506,841 675 441 2022 Baseball/Softball Fields Multi-Purpose Fields Running Tracks Swimming Pools Football Fields Square Feet Square Feet Square Feet Square Feet Square Feet Transportation Administrative Enrollment Enrollment Enrollment Enrollment High Buildings Buildings Buildings Buildings Buildings Capacity Capacity Capacity Capacity Garages Elementary Buses Athletics Other Middle Schools

Source: The Source of this information is the District's financial records

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